



SSA Richmond and Wandsworth Data Standards





Document Control

Title of document	SSA Richmond and Wandsworth Data Standards
Produced by	Data Quality and Standards Subcommittee
Document type	Internal and external
Subject	Data Standards
Review frequency	Ongoing
Next review due	Ongoing
Target audience	All staff

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Introduction and Purpose

During consultations for the data and analytics strategy, and Covid response, one of the key challenges highlighted was the divergence in data collection across services that reduces the organisation's ability to get the most out of our data. This situation is not unique to Richmond and Wandsworth and tackling it is a key part of our progress towards better data quality.

This set of data standards has therefore been developed to ensure that data is collected more consistently across the Councils. Standardised data collection is key to enabling data linkages for intelligence, commissioning, emergency response and development and implementation of data and digital solutions. It makes data verification and matching easier and crucially leads to more accurate decision-making.

These standards have been developed in line with the SSA's Data Quality Policy.

The standards have been split into two categories:

- Minimum mandatory standards this means that where this information is being collected, it must be collected in this way. Please note that it does not mean you should always collect this information for every person. Data collection should always follow UK GDPR and be minimised to what is necessary for the specified purpose as allowed under relevant legislation.
- 2. **Recommended standards** where this is information is being collected, it is recommended to be collected in this way, but not mandatory.

Recommended standards will be added as they are developed.

The minimum mandatory standards are expected to be implemented across all data collection processes across Richmond and Wandsworth Councils. These should also be used as part of commissioning and procurement of applications and data solutions.

Exceptions for modified collection or maintaining status quo should be backed by clear business, contractual or legislative reasons. When <u>not</u> adopting the data standards, existing systems should provide clear rationales backed up by evidence e.g., of service disruption, suitability for client care, costs, changes to current system not possible etc.

Scope

These data standards should be applied to all areas of data collection. This includes existing and new systems that hold data, surveys (e.g. public consultations), new systems and solutions procured, new and existing commissioned services.

This data standards document will be maintained and reviewed frequently to ensure standards reflect work being done by Government Statistical Service and Government Standards Authority and changing needs of the SSA services and partners.

Due to business needs, sometimes more granular collection of data may be needed. For example, a commissioned service may want to gather more detailed ethnicity data. This can be done as long as it is possible to map the additional categories to the ones listed in the data standards.

Public

SSA Data Standards





Template for new standard

The following template has been adopted from the e-Government Interoperability Framework (e-GIF). This template will be used to document each data standard.

Standard Name	
Definition	
Format	
Validation	
Values	
Default Value	
Based on	
Verification	
Comments	
Version	
Approval Date	





Minimum Mandatory Standards

Minimum mandatory standards – this means that where this information is being collected, it must be collected as prescribed by the standard.

Please note that it does not mean you should always collect this information for every person. Data collection should always follow UK GDPR and be minimised to what is necessary for the specified purpose.

- Date
- Time
- Name (First name, Middle name(s), Last name)
- UK Postal Address
- Post code
- UPRN
- Ethnic group
- E-mail with validation
- Phone number Mobile, Landline with validation
- National Insurance number with validation
- NHS Number with validation





Date

Standard Name	Date
Definition	The day, month, year and century, or any combinations of
	these elements, of an event
Format	Max 10 Characters in the format CCYY-MM-DD
Validation	1. Values less than 10 in the day, month or year elements, should be
	entered with a zero in the first position
	Days must not be greater than 30 in April, June, September and November.
	3. Days must not be greater than 28 in February except when 29 is allowed for a leap year.
	4. Where applicable, valid ranges should be provided e.g., no date of
	birth in the future or no date of birth outside the reasonable
	ranges.
Values	CCYY should be a valid year number
	MM in Range 01 – 12.
- C 1: 1: 1	DD in Range 01 - 31
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-Government Interoperability Framework (e-GIF)
	ISO 8601 DATE AND TIME FORMAT https://www.iso.org/iso-8601-date-and-
	time-format.html
	XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes W3C Recommendation 02
	May 2001. See http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/
Verification	
Comments	American date formats should especially be avoided as due to lack of use in
	U.K. they increase chances of inaccurate capture
	Consult the ISO 8601 where there is need for date and time, inclusion of
	weeks
	During data collection provide drop-downs of calendar and if people are
	allowed to enter dates, validate them
	Date collection – Service users and frontline staff will think of date starting
	with DD-MM-CCYY. For paper, online and other forms it is okay to collect
	the data this way, but it should be transformed to the CCYY-MM-DD format
	for storage and processing.
Version	
Approval Date	





Time

Standard Name	Time
Definition	The time (using a 24 hour clock) at which an event, or the action in an event, takes place.
Format	Max 8 characters expressed as HH:MM:SS (H=hours, M=minutes, S=seconds)
Validation	 All times must be expressed in the 24 hour clock format, e.g. one minute past midnight is 00:01:00 Values of any element less than 10 should be entered with a zero in the first position
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes W3C Recommendation 02 May 2001. See http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/ ISO 8601 Conventions
Verification	N/A
Comments	See the W3C standard for details of formatting shortened versions of Time, e.g. hours and minutes only
	Consult the ISO 8601 where there is need for date and time, inclusion of weeks
Version	
Approval Date	





Name (First name, Middle name(s), Last name)

As best practice all parts of the name (First, Middle, Last) should be collected and collected separately. Consistent name collection is vital for data linkages and cross department service delivery.

You may want to add notes such as 'As it appears on your passport' so people do not use nicknames or shortened names.

Recommended standards are being developed for collection of preferred name and title. Preferred name <u>should not</u> replace full name collection.

Guidance for preferred name collection can be found in recommended standards.

First Name

Standard Name	First name
Definition	First name of the person
Format	Max 70 characters
Validation	None
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2 http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf Collecting and using data from surveys and administrative sources https://gss.civilservice.gov.uk/policy-store/full-name/
Verification	N/A
Comments	Important to collect separately from other parts of the name
Version	
Approval Date	

Middle Name(s)

Standard Name	Middle name(s)
Definition	All middle names
Format	Max 99 characters
Validation	None
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2 http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf Collecting and using data from surveys and administrative sources https://gss.civilservice.gov.uk/policy-store/full-name/
Verification	N/A
Comments	Important to collect separately from other parts of the name
Version	
Approval Date	





Last Name

Standard Name	Last Name
Definition	That part of a person's name which is used to describe family, clan, tribal group, or marital association. Preferred collection is as last name.
Format	Max 70 characters
Validation	None
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2 http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf Collecting and using data from surveys and administrative sources https://gss.civilservice.gov.uk/policy-store/full-name/
Verification	N/A
Comments	Important to collect separately from other parts of the name
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Address

Most important thing for address collection is that:

- Address should not be manually entered, especially in large systems. You should be providing an address look up feature from a list based on AddressBase. This is the best way to collection correct address information.
- All systems must store a LLPG UPRN along with the address
- Council gets free access to AddressBase and there is an API that lets address lookup features be built for online form and various systems.

UK Postal Address

UK Postal Address	
Standard Name	UK Postal Street Address
Definition	The address of a postal delivery point within the UK. This is usually a building and usually comprises a name/number, street, town, and county.
Format	 Maximum of 35 characters per line Minimum of 2 lines for address collection, maximum 5 lines Separate line for flat or unit number (e.g. Flat 10) and road/street name and number (10 Downing Street). Title of the line to specify which element is being collected. Add separate and well labelled line for 'Town or City' Add separate and well labelled line for postcode (Standard below)
Validation	Use address lookup rather than manual entry. Justification should be provided when manual entry is used.
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2 http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf BSEN 7372:1993 https://data.gov.uk/education-standards/sites/default/files/CL-Address-Line-Type-v3-0.pdf
Verification	N/A
Comments	Address should not be manually entered, especially in large systems. You should be providing an address look up feature from a list based on AddressBase. This is the best way to collect correct address information.
Version	
Approval Date	

Post code

Standard Name	Post Code
Definition	The code allocated by the Post Office to identify a postal delivery point.
Format	Minimum 6 and Maximum 8 characters
Validation	1. The Outward code can be 2, 3 or 4 characters followed by a space and the inward code, which is 3 characters and is always NAA





	2. The outward code has seven valid formats, AN, ANN, AAN, AANN, ANA, AANA, and AAA
	3. The letters I and Z are not used in the second alpha position (except GIR 0AA)
	4. The second half of the code never uses the letters C, I, K, M, O, and V
	A postcode can be validated against a table of all 1.7 million postcodes in <u>Code-Point Open</u> . The full delivery address including postcode can be validated against the <u>Royal Mail Postcode Address File</u> (PAF), which lists 29 million valid delivery addresses, constituting most (but not all) addresses in the UK.
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2 http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf
Verification	N/A
Comments	The inward and outward code can be broken down into sub parts as follows:
	 the outward (before the space) code consists of a postcode area and a postcode district,
	• the inward code consists of a postcode sector and a postcode unit.
	Mandatory for complete address collection
Version	
Approval Date	

LLPG UPRN

Standard Name	LLPG Unique Property Reference Number
	, , ,
Definition	Unique number associated with each property. The UPRN is a unique
	reference for each and every addressable location in the UK.
Format	Up to 12 characters in length
Validation	The number should not be entered manually. It should be assigned as part
	of the address lookup process. Once an address is picked the associated
	LLPG UPRN is filled in.
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	Geoplace and Ordnance survey
	<u>Unique Property Reference Number Power of UPRN GeoPlace LLP</u>
Verification	Assigned based on the address, not manual entry
Comments	There are many different types of UPRNs. The one that must be used,
	(services can use additional ones for their need), is the LLPG UPRN.
	LLPG UPRN should not be manually entered. It should come in from the
	address lookup feature used.
	LLPG UPRN should be stored alongside each address

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Approval Date	





Ethnic Group or Ethnicity

2: I I I	
Standard Name	Ethnic group
Definition	Self-reported measure of ethnic group asked as 'What is your ethnic
	group?'
Format	Max 90 characters
Validation	N/A
Values	Full Collection – Specific Groups (18 Categories)
	White
	1. English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British
	2. Irish
	3. Gypsy or Irish Traveller
	4. Any other White background
	4. Any other write background
	Miyad/Multiple athric groups
	Mixed/Multiple ethnic groups
	F. Wilder and Divid Co. Shipper
	5. White and Black Caribbean
	6. White and Black African
	7. White and Asian
	8. Any other Mixed/Multiple ethnic background
	Asian/Asian British
	9. Indian
	10. Pakistani
	11. Bangladeshi
	12. Chinese
	13. Any other Asian background (excluding Arab)
	Black/ African/Caribbean/Black British
	14. African
	15. Caribbean
	16. Any other Black background
	Other ethnic group
	17. Arab
	18. Any other ethnic group, please describe
	,
	99 Prefer not to say
	999 Missing
	Broad ethnic group categories (5 Categories)
	White (E.g., English, Irish, British, Gypsy, Other white)
	3. Asian (Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Chinese other Asian)
	4. Mixed (Mixed/multiple ethnic background such as White and Black
	African)





5. Other 99 Prefer not to say 999 Missing Top level ethnic groups (2 categories) 1. Asian, Black and other minority ethnic groups 2. White 99 Prefer not to say 999 Missing Default Value N/A ONS Measuring equality: A quide for the collection and classification of ethnic group, national identity and religion data in the UK. Government Statistical Service, Harmonised Concepts and Questions for Social Data Sources - Primary Principles – Ethnic Group Ethnicity harmonised standard https://analysisfunction.civilservice.gov.uk/policy-store/ethnicity-harmonised-standard/ N/A Verification Comments Self-reported measure. Race should not be asked. NHS or other ethnic groups should be avoided as the population is reported according to ONS groups and using NHS groups makes comparisons inaccurate. BAME should not be used as a term in collection or reporting. Default collection and reporting should use full 18 categories. Top level ethnic group collection should only be restricted to where needed to preserve confidentiality. Should be avoided for routine service provision or where equalities need to be measured and monitored. In some cases, more specific collection may be needed e.g. Nigerian, Somali, more specific European group etc. In this case add a please specify subcategory under the broader category. Key thing is that groups can roll up into broader categories.		
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E-mail Address

E-mail collection is <u>very important for digital delivery of services and data linkages</u>. Where collecting contact information, always collect e-mail addresses, and ask people to re-enter to ensure correct e-mail is being collected.

Standard Name	E-MAIL ADDRESS
Definition	The string of characters that are needed in order to get an
	item of e-mail delivered to the correct post-box
Format	As per IETF RFC2822
	255 characters
Validation	From IETF RFC2822: An email address is a specific Internet identifier that contains a locally interpreted string followed by the at-sign character ("@", ASCII value 64) followed by an Internet domain. The locally interpreted string is either a quoted-string or a dot-atom. Comments and enfolding white space SHOULD NOT be used around the "@" in the email address. (i.e. no space characters either side of the @ character). The domain portion identifies the point to which the mail is delivered. The local-part portion is a domain dependent string. In addresses, it is simply interpreted on the particular host as a name of a particular mailbox.
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	As per IETF RFC2822 e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2
	http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf
Verification	N/A
Comments	Especially for online forms, ask clients to enter it twice to ensure correct entry
Version	
Approval Date	





UK Phone number (Mobile, Landline)

International phone number collection not covered at the moment. To enable provision of digital services, always collect mobile phone numbers for clients.

Mobile number collection

Standard Name	Mobile telephone number
Definition	Individual's mobile number (07xxx xxx xxx)
Format	Max 11 characters
Validation	No spaces. No special characters or +. Begins with 07.
	Google's <u>libphonenumber</u> library can validate telephone numbers from most countries.
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2
	http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf (OFTEL guidance)
Verification	N/A
Comments	In the field to collect the phone number it should be clear if mobile or landline
	Ask clients to enter the number twice where the mobile phone is needed
	for service provision.
Version	
Approval Date	

Landline number collection

Standard Name	UK Telephone Number
Definition	A number, including any exchange or location code, at which a person or organisation can be contacted in the UK by telephonic means.
Format	Max 12 characters
Validation	No spaces. No special characters or +
	Google's <u>libphonenumber</u> library can validate telephone numbers
	from most countries.
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	e-GIF - Government Data Standards Catalogue Vol 2
	http://xml.coverpages.org/govtalkCat2.pdf (OFTEL guidance)
Verification	N/A
Comments	In the field to collect the phone number it should be clear if mobile or landline
Version	
Approval Date	





National Insurance Number

Standard Name	National Insurance Number (NINO)
Definition	The National Insurance Number is a reference number that is issued to a PERSON by the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) / HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) for participants in the National Insurance Scheme.
Format	Max 9 characters
Validation	 Must be 9 characters First 2 characters must be alpha Next 6 characters must be numeric Final character can be A, B, C, D First character must not be D, F, I, Q, U or V Second characters must not be D, F, I, O, Q, U or V The letter O is not used as the second letter of a prefix. Prefixes BG, GB, KN, NK, NT, TN and ZZ are not to be used
Values	Must be 9 characters
Default Value	N/A
Based on	HMRC https://www.gov.uk/hmrc-internal-manuals/national-insurance-manua
Verification	None
Comments	Validation is key for fraud prevention, data linkages etc. Ask clients to double enter the NI number.
Version	
Approval Date	





NHS Number

Standard Name	NHS Number
Definition	Unique number used by NHS and often social care in identifying people receiving health and care services, and in locating and communicating their health and care records and other information pertaining to the planning and provision of their care. Also used by Children's services in some places as children lack a NINO.
Format	10 numeric
Validation	No spaces Current system for format is 10 digit number as xxx xxx xxxx. The final digit is error detecting checksum. Checksum validation should be built in electronic collection (details at the link provided) NHS NUMBER (datadictionary.nhs.uk)
Values	N/A
Default Value	N/A
Based on	NHS Data dictionary NHS NUMBER (datadictionary.nhs.uk)
Verification	Use validation steps above
Comments	
Version	
Approval Date	