

March 2024 - Reactive Tree Works Programme

Introduction

A survey of trees in the Barnes, Morlake and Barnes Common and East Sheen wards have been undertaken; this was being conducted by specialist arboricultural officers as part of the scheduled 4 yearly detailed inspection regime that has been devised for all Council highway and parks trees.

On a monthly basis the Council's arboricultural officers undertake tree assessments that sit outside of the scheduled 4 yearly inspection programme, generally this is in response to customer enquiries.

These inspections take place to ensure that Council is compliant with the statutory duties which are highlighted within the <u>Council's Adopted Tree Policy</u>.

Recent reactive inspections have identified the need for 53 individual tree work operations to take place. This work will now be issued to the Council's Arborist Contractor KPS, for completion over the spring period.

Unfortunately, and as to be expected with surveys of a large treestock with specimen of varying age and condition, we have identified trees that can no longer be safely retained, and we will therefore be carrying out complete removal. The Council will aim to plant replacement trees during the next planting season which runs from November through to March; in some instances, this timing of planting may be affected by the available Highway Management resources that are required to repair disrupted pavements.

We will be erecting notices upon each tree being removed, alerting the public to the proposals giving sufficient time for residents to log enquiries. Prior to the removal taking place signage will be erected informing of a date of works, this is to make vehicle owners aware of the need to leave any parking space free to allow the works to proceed in a safe and timely manner.

The following pages provide the locations of each tree that is to be removed, in addition photographs and descriptions of the inspection findings have been provided.

These trees are exempt from the duty to consult.

Dated 16.04.2025

Contents

<u>Barnes</u>	3 - 28
East Sheen	29 - 32
Hampton_	33 - 34
<u>Kew</u>	35 - 36
Mortlake and Barnes Common	37 - 56
North Richmond	57
South Twickenham	58 - 59
St Margarets and North Twickenham	60 - 63
Teddington_	64 - 65

Barnes

Ward	Barnes
Road	Riverview Gardens
Location	Outside 37-44 Riverview Gardens.
Species	Schmitt's cherry (<i>Prunus x schmittii</i>)
Height	10.5m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. A resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the
Inspection findings/reason	trunk of this tree. Removal is required to prevent natural
for exemption	failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene



Image shows fungal fruiting bodies circled.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Clavering Avenue
Location	Outside 18
Species	Schmitt's cherry (<i>Prunus x schmittii</i>)
Height	7.0m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Poor
	Investigation with a probe and a resonance test with a sounding hammer has revealed an unacceptable amount of decay beyond the visible cavities at the base of the trunk. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting.

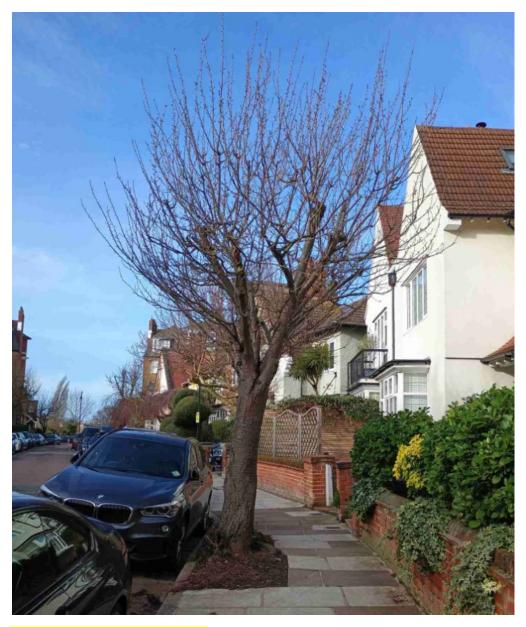


Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows probe in cavity at base of trunk circled.



Image shows probe in cavity at base of trunk circled.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Bracken Gardens
Location	Outside 12A
Species	Wild Cherry (Prunus avium)
Height	7.5m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. A resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the
Inspection findings/reason	trunk of this tree. Removal is required to prevent natural
for exemption	failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.

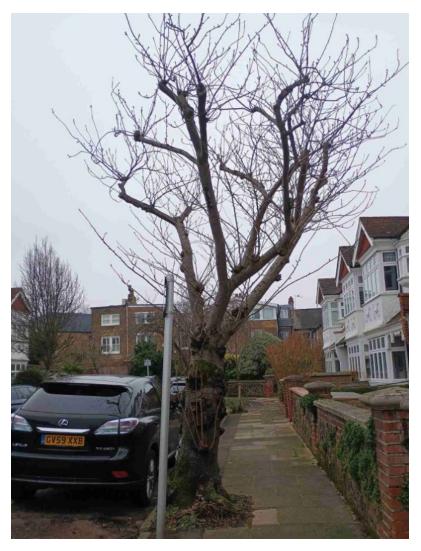


Image shows tree in street scene and near complete die back of crown



Image shows fungal fruiting bodies circled.



Image shows fungal fruiting bodies circled.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Rectory Road
Location	Outside 48
Species	Wild Cherry (Prunus avium)
Height	5.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree has a progressive lean, and the trunk is moving in such
	a way that indicates that the root structure is compromised
Inspection findings/reason	presenting increased risk of failure. Removal is required to
for exemption	prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows leaning tree in street scene.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Rectory Road
Location	Outside 36
Species	Wild Cherry (Prunus avium)
Height	4.0m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree is moribund with up to 50% of the crown having died
Inspection findings/reason	off. Removal is required to prevent natural failure, manage risk,
for exemption	and facilitate replanting.



Image shows moribund tree in street scene.

Ward Barnes

Road	Elm Grove Road
Location	Outside 17
Species	Wild Cherry (Prunus avium)
Height	7.5m
Physiological Condition	Fait
Structural Condition	Poor
	Investigation with a probe and a resonance test with a sounding hammer has revealed an unacceptable amount of decay
Inspection findings/reason	beyond the visible cavity on the trunk. Removal is required to
for exemption	prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene

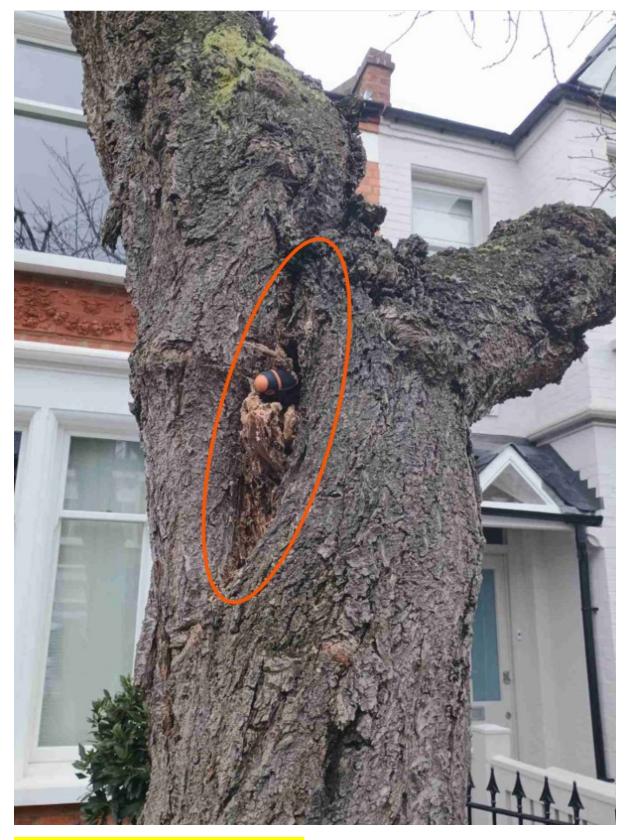


Image shows cavity with probe on trunk circled.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Elm Grove Road
Location	Outside 103/105
Species	Wild Cherry (Prunus avium)
Height	7.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. A resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay at the base of the trunk and also around the cavity at the first union of
Inspection findings/reason	this tree. Removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows cavity on trunk with fruiting bodies circled



Image shows base of trunk with fruiting body circled

Ward	Barnes
Road	Grange Road
Location	Opposite 12/14
Species	Chonosuki crab apple (Malus tschonoskii)
Height	9.5m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Poor
Inspection findings/reason	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. Investigation with a probe and a resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the base of the trunk by the fruiting body. Removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting.
	manage risk, and racintate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.

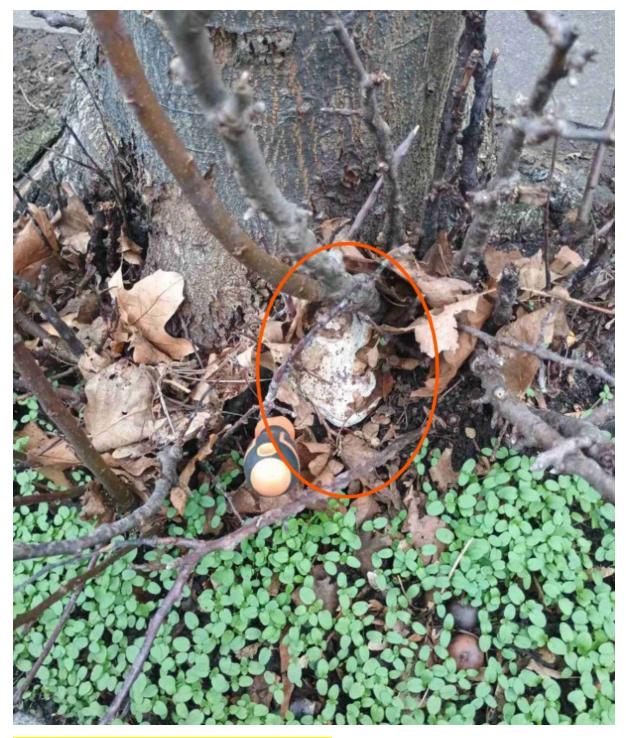


Image shows base of trunk with fruiting body circled

Ward	Barnes
Road	Melville Road
Location	Outside 19
Species	Common lime (<i>Tilia x europaea</i>)
Height	9.0m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Poor
	Investigation with a probe and a resonance test with a sounding
	hammer has revealed an unacceptable amount of decay
	beyond the visible cavities at the base of the trunk. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows cavity at base of trunk circled

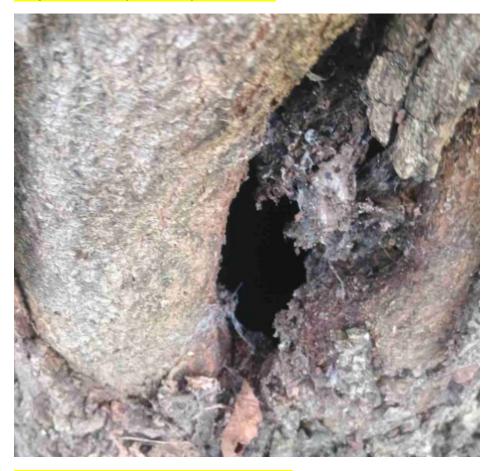


Image shows hollowing to trunk inside cavity.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Bracken Gardens
Location	Adjacent to 34 front gardens
Species	Chonosuki crab apple (Malus tschonoskii)
Height	9m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi Ganoderma sp. is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. Investigation with a probe and a resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the base of the trunk by the fruiting body. There is also cavities and bark delamination on
Inspection findings/reason	the trunk by the first union. Removal is required to prevent
for exemption	natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows cavities and bark delamination of trunk by first union.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Cardigan Road
Location	Adjacent to 27 Rectory Road front of building
Species	Chonosuki crab apple (Malus tschonoskii)
Height	10.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. Investigation with a probe revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the base of the trunk by the fruiting body. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows base of trunk with fruiting body circled



Image shows base of trunk with fruiting body circled

Ward	Barnes
Road	Barnes Avenue
Location	Castelnau Recreational ground ///slows.extend.oddly
Species	Cherry plum (<i>Prunus cerasifera</i>)
Height	6.5m
Physiological Condition	fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	There is an unacceptable amount of decay at the base of this tree which has led to stem failure. Removal is required to
Inspection findings/reason	prevent further natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting.

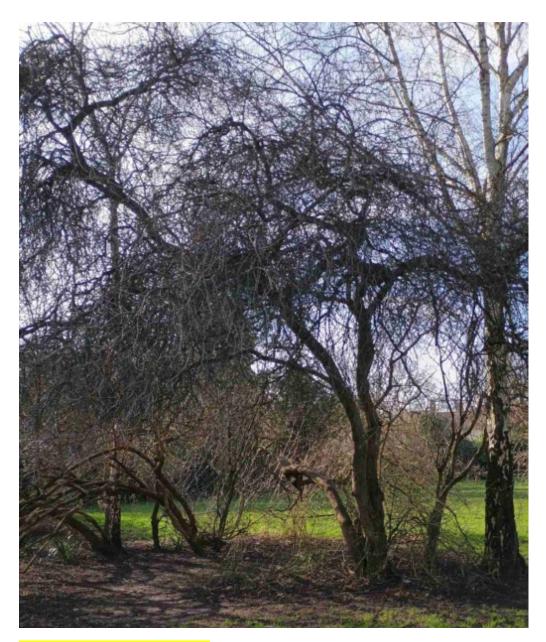


Image shows tree in park scene.



Image shows decay at the base of the trunk circled



Image shows decay and failed union at the base of the trunk.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Queen Elizabeth Walk
Location	Queen Elizabeth Walk- ///nest.lofts.fantastic
Species	Elderberry (Sambucus nigra)
Height	7.0m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree is moribund with an unacceptable amount of decay at
	the base of this tree which has led to stem failures. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent further natural failure, manage risk, and
for exemption	facilitate replanting.



Image shows moribund tree in street scene.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Queen Elizabeth Walk
Location	Queen Elizabeth Walk- ///pasta.wallet.pets
Species	Black locust (Robinia pseudoacacia)
Height	15.0m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is moribund; removal is required to prevent natural
for exemption	failure and manage risk. The stump will be left at 1.5m high for
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ecological purposes.

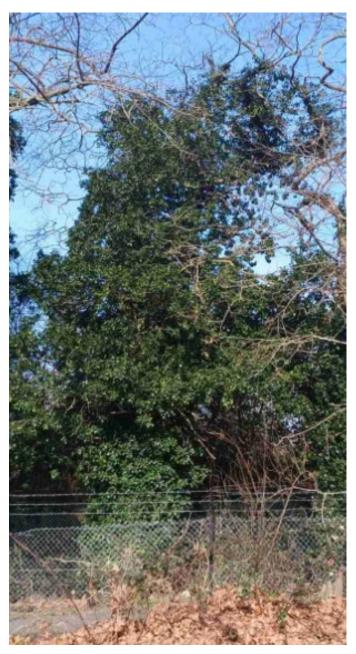


Image shows moribund tree in street scene.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Queen Elizabeth Walk
Location	Queen Elizabeth Walk- ///tender.garden.lively
Species	Black locust (Robinia pseudoacacia)
Height	16.0m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree is moribund; removal is required to prevent natural
Inspection findings/reason	failure and manage risk. The stump will be left at 1.5m high for
for exemption	ecological purposes.

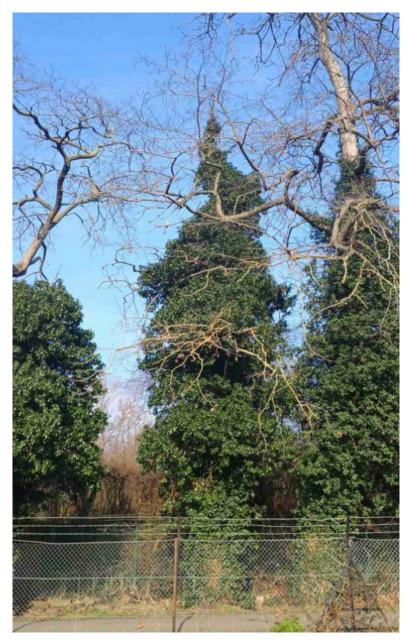


Image shows moribund tree in street scene.

Ward	Barnes
Road	Queen Elizabeth Walk
Location	Queen Elizabeth Walk- ///stand.eager.ranks
Species	Black locust (Robinia pseudoacacia)
Height	16.0m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree is moribund; removal is required to prevent natural
Inspection findings/reason	failure and manage risk. The stump will be left at 1.5m high for
for exemption	ecological purposes.

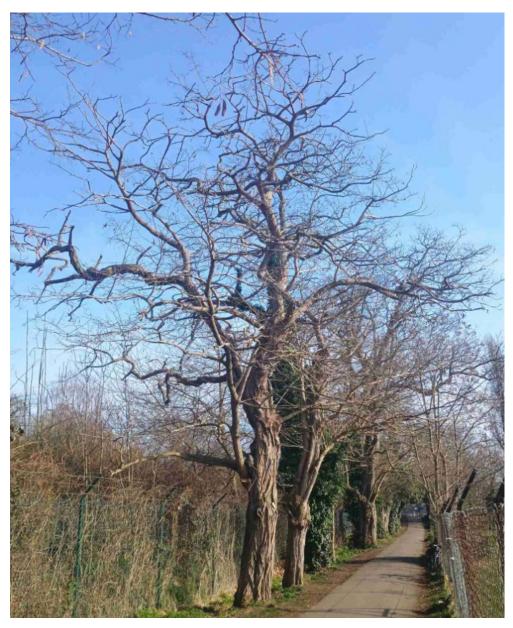


Image shows moribund tree in street scene

East Sheen

Ward	East Sheen
Road	Glendower Road
Location	Outside 23
Species	Cherry plum (Prunus cerasifera)
Height	8.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	The trunk of this tree has shown an increased lean since the last inspection, indicating compromised root structure. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason for exemption	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting

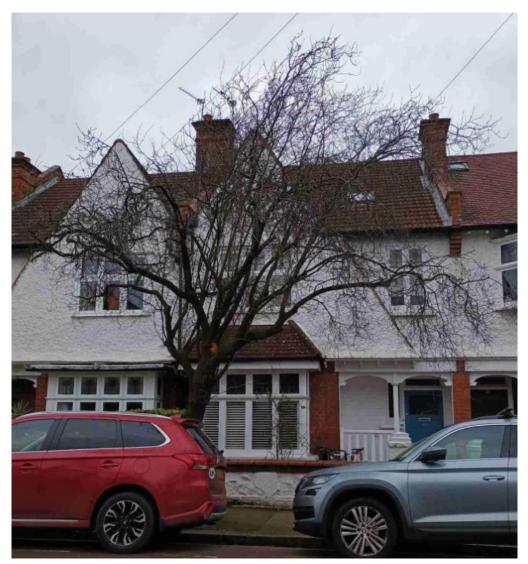


Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows lean on trunk.

Ward	East Sheen
Road	Parkfield Avenue
Location	Outside 23
Species	Wild cherry (Prunus avium)
Height	6.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. Investigation with a probe revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the base of the trunk by the fruiting body. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting.



Images show tree in street scene.



Images show fruiting body circled.

Hampton

Ward	Hampton
Road	Station Road
Location	Outside 70/72
Species	London plane (<i>Platanus x hispanica</i>)
Height	18.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present in the lower trunk of this tree. Colonization by this fungus causes white rot in the stem and root system, potentially leading to the tree's collapse through fracture or windthrow. A detailed investigation using sonic tomography revealed an unacceptable amount of decay, indicated by the light-coloured areas in the cross-section image of the stem below, spreading to the sound wood shown as darker-coloured
Inspection findings/reason	areas. Removal is necessary to prevent natural failure, manage
for exemption	risk, and facilitate replanting.



Images show tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting bodies circled.

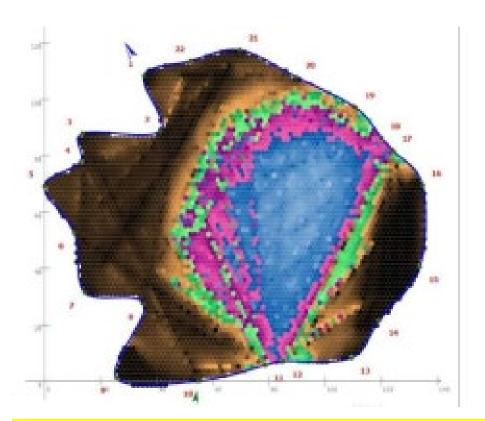


Image shows detailed inspection of trunk taken at 10 cm from ground level. Blue area indicates decayed wood

Kew

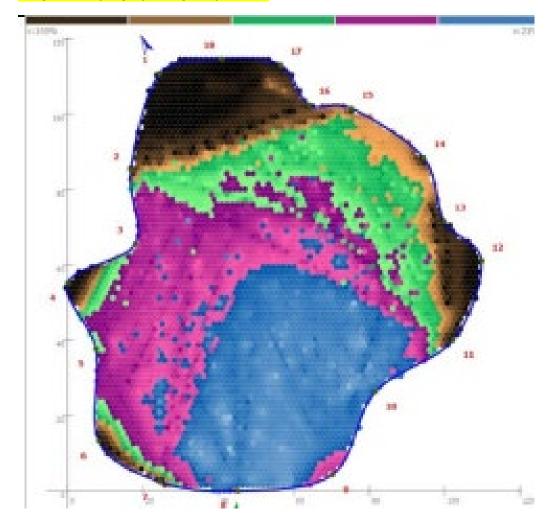
Ward	Kew
Road	Ennerdale Road
Location	On the Junction of Hatherley Road Opposite 31
Species	Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)
Height	15.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present in the lower trunk of this tree. Colonization by this fungus causes white rot in the stem and root system, potentially leading to the tree's collapse through fracture or windthrow. A detailed investigation using sonic tomography revealed an unacceptable amount of decay, indicated by the light-coloured areas in the cross-section image of the stem below, spreading to the sound wood shown as darker-coloured areas. Removal is necessary to prevent natural failure, manage
Inspection findings/reason for exemption	risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fungal fruiting body circled.



Mortlake and Barnes Common

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Avondale Road
Location	Outside 41
Species	Cherry (<i>Prunus sp.</i>)
Height	4.0m
Physiological Condition	Dead
Structural Condition	Dead
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is dead; removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting



Image shows dead tree in street scene.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	First Avenue
Location	Outside 4
Species	Field maple (Acer campestre)
Height	5.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree is moving in such a way that indicates that the
	structure of the roots has been compromised. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting



Image shows tree in street scene.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Elm Bank Gardens
Location	Outside 23
Species	Downy birch (Betula pubescens)
Height	10.0m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Poor
	Investigation with a probe and a resonance test with a sounding hammer has revealed an unacceptable amount of decay beyond the visible cavities at the base of the trunk. Removal is
Inspection findings/reason	required to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate
for exemption	replanting.

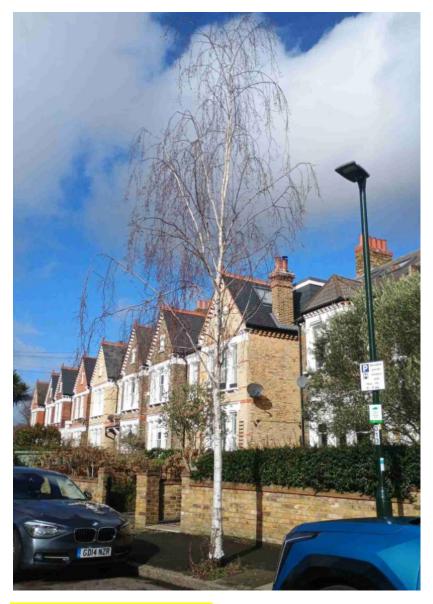


Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows cavity with probe on trunk circled

Mortlake and Barnes Common
Grosvenor Avenue
Outside 4
Bird cherry (<i>Prunus padus</i>)
7.0m
Fair
Poor
Fruiting bodies of the decay fungus <i>Trametes versicolor</i> are prolific on the trunk of this tree. This fungus causes a selective white rot of the wood, and its abundance often indicates broader physiological dysfunction. An investigation using a probe revealed an unacceptable degree of decay, correlating with the presence of the pathogen at the base of the trunk. Removal is necessary to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting <u>https://northernwoodlands.org/articles/article/turkey_tail_fungus_trametes_versicolor</u> .

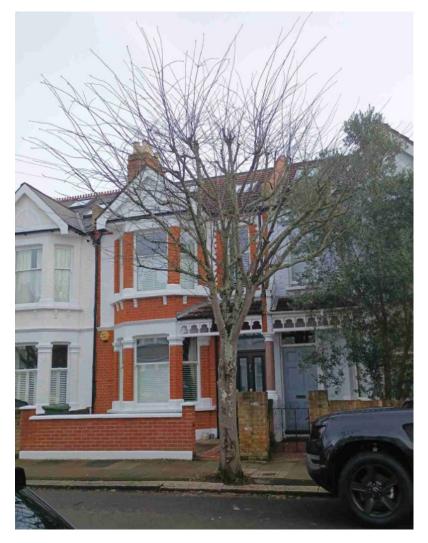


Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting bodies at base of trunk.



Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Grosvenor Avenue
Location	Outside 49/51
Species	Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)
Height	4.0m
Physiological Condition	Dead
Structural Condition	Dead
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is dead; removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting



Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Grosvenor Avenue
Location	Opposite 89
Species	Crab apple (Malus sylvestris)
Height	7.5m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the species Inonotus hispidus is
	present on the main stems in the crown, this fungus causes a
	simultaneous white rot which can cause snapping of tree parts
Inspection findings/reason	in this species. Removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting body circled.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Grosvenor Avenue
Location	Opposite 99
Species	Crab apple (Malus sylvestris)
Height	7.0m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is dead; removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting.

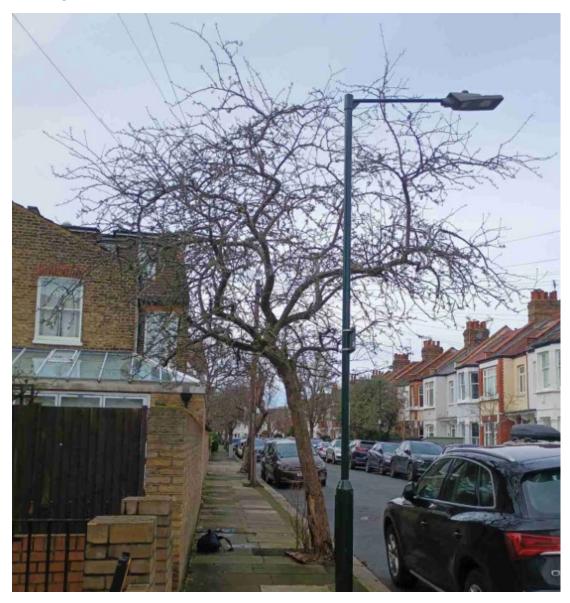


Image shows dead tree in street scene.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Grosvenor Garden
Location	Outside 12/14
Species	Cherry (Prunus sp.)
Height	4.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi Ganoderma sp. is
	present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus
	causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause
	entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. A
	resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the
Inspection findings/reason	trunk of this tree. Removal is required to prevent natural
for exemption	failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting body circled.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Westwood Road
Location	Outside 11
Species	Bird cherry (Prunus padus)
Height	5.0m
Physiological Condition	Dead
Structural Condition	Dead
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is dead; removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting



Image shows dead tree in street scene.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Treen Avenue
Location	Outside 8
Species	Common Lime (<i>Tilia x europaea</i>)
Height	11.0m
Physiological Condition	Dead
Structural Condition	Dead
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi Ganoderma sp. is
	present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus
	causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause
	entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. A
	resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the
Inspection findings/reason	trunk of this tree. Removal is required to prevent natural
for exemption	failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting bodies circled.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Sheen Lane
Location	Mortlake Green ///cheeks.slurs.model
Species	Prunus 'Kanzan' (Prunus Kanzan)
Height	5.0m
Physiological Condition	Dead
Structural Condition	Dead
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is dead; removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting

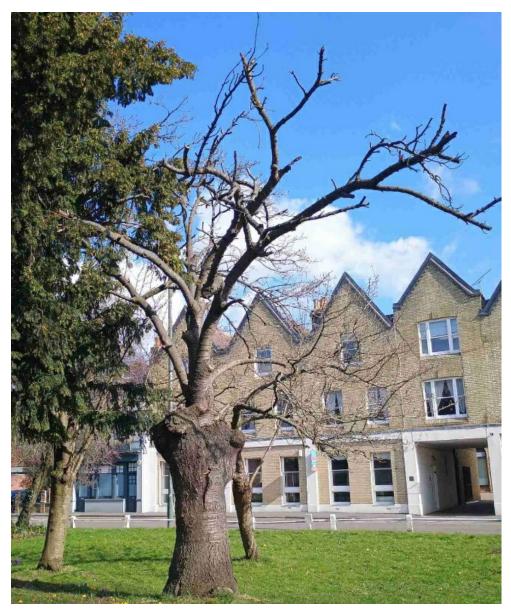


Image shows dead tree in street scene.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Cambridge Road
Location	Adjacent to 26 Cleveland Road
Species	Plum cherry (Prunus cerasifera)
Height	7.0m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi Ganoderma sp. is
	present at the base of the trunk. Colonisation by this fungus
	causes a white rot of the stem and root system that can cause
	entire trees to collapse through fracture or windthrow. A
	resonance test revealed an unacceptable degree of decay in the
Inspection findings/reason	trunk of this tree. Removal is required to prevent natural
for exemption	failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting body circled.

Ward	Mortlake and Barnes Common
Road	Charles Street
Location	Outside 1B
Species	Swedish whitebeam (Sorbus x intermedia)
Height	6.5m
Physiological Condition	Poor
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the species Inonotus hispidus is
	present on the main stems in the crown, this fungus causes a
	simultaneous white rot which can cause snapping of tree parts
	in this species. Crown dieback correlates with the pathogen
Inspection findings/reason	present. Removal is required to prevent natural failure, manage
for exemption	risk, and facilitate replanting



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fruiting bodies circled and crown dieback in upper crown.

North Richmond

Ward	North Richmond
Road	St Leonards Road
Location	Outside 97
Species	Italian alder (Alnus cordata)
Height	5.0m
Physiological Condition	Dead
Structural Condition	Dead
Inspection findings/reason	This tree is dead; removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting



Ward	South Twickenham
Road	Waldegrave Park
Location	Outside 89
Species	Common Lime (<i>Tilia x europaea</i>)
Height	16.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi Ganoderma sp. is
	present in the lower trunk of this tree. Colonization by this
	fungus causes white rot in the stem and root system,
	potentially leading to the tree's collapse through fracture or
	windthrow. A detailed investigation using sonic tomography
	revealed an unacceptable amount of decay, indicated by the
	light-coloured areas in the cross-section image of the stem
	below, spreading to the sound wood shown as darker-coloured
Inspection findings/reason	areas. Removal is necessary to prevent natural failure, manage
for exemption	risk, and facilitate replanting

South Twickenham



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows fungal fruiting body on trunk circled.

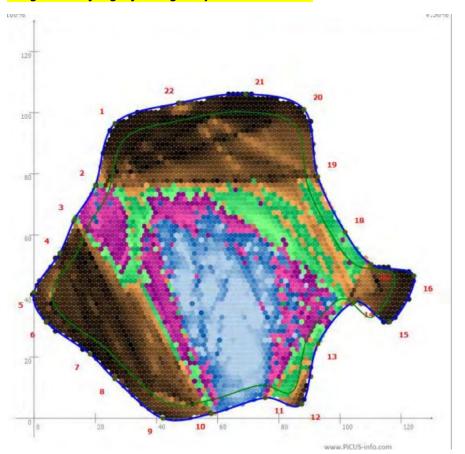


Image shows detailed inspection of trunk taken at 28cm from ground level. Blue area indicates decayed wood

St Margarets and North Twickenham

Ward	St Margarets and North Twickenham
Road	Cassilis Road
Location	Outside 2
Species	Common lime (<i>Tilia x europaea</i>)
Height	15.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	A fungal fruiting body of the decay fungi <i>Ganoderma sp.</i> is present in the lower trunk of this tree. Colonization by this fungus causes white rot in the stem and root system, potentially leading to the tree's collapse through fracture or windthrow. A detailed investigation using sonic tomography revealed an unacceptable amount of decay, indicated by the light-coloured areas in the cross-section image of the stem below, spreading to the sound wood shown as darker-coloured
Inspection findings/reason	areas. Removal is necessary to prevent natural failure, manage risk, and facilitate replanting
for exemption	וואל, מווע ומכווונמנב ובטומוונוווצ



Image shows in street scene



Image shows fungal fruiting body on trunk circled.

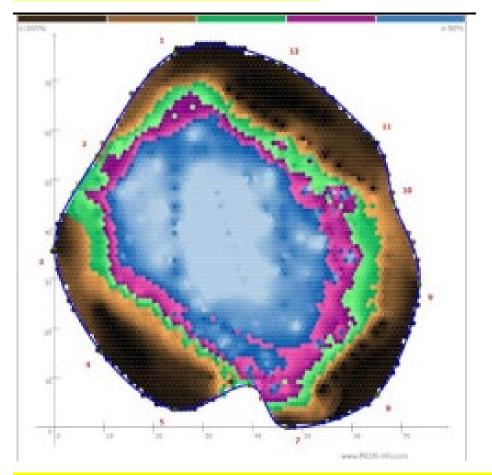


Image shows detailed inspection of trunk taken at 2m from ground level. Blue area indicates decayed wood.

Ward	St Margarets and North Twickenham
Road	Craneford way
Location	Craneford way- ///amuse.lime.both
Species	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)
Height	18.0m
Physiological Condition	Fair
Structural Condition	Poor
	This tree has a large area of bark damage at the base of the trunk. Investigation with a probe and a resonance test with a sounding hammer revealed decay beyond the visible wound at the base of the trunk. A detailed investigation was conducted on the trunk of this tree using sonic tomography. The results of the detailed inspection identify significant decay, as shown in the light-coloured areas in the image of the cross-section of the stem below, spreading to the sound wood shown as darker-
Inspection findings/reason	coloured areas. Removal is required to prevent natural failure,
for exemption	manage risk, and facilitate replanting.

<mark>Site images:</mark>



Image shows tree in street scene.



Image shows wound on lower trunk.

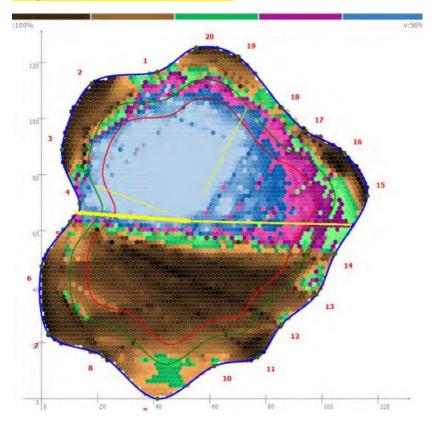


Image shows detailed inspection of trunk taken at 15cm from ground level. Blue area indicates decayed wood

Teddington

Ward	Teddington
Road	Teddington Park
Location	Outside 1-3
Species	Manna ash (Fraxinus ornus)
Height	9.0m
Physiological Condition	Good
Structural Condition	Good
	Tree has raised and damaged roots causing trip hazards and an unacceptable obstruction to the pavement making an impasse for prams & wheelchairs to safely pass. With no engineering solution available to resolve this issue, we are unable to meet our duties under the Equality Act 2010. For this reason, removal
Inspection findings/reason for exemption	is required to manage risk and facilitate replanting. Removal is required to prevent natural failure and facilitate replanting.



Image shows tree in in street scene.

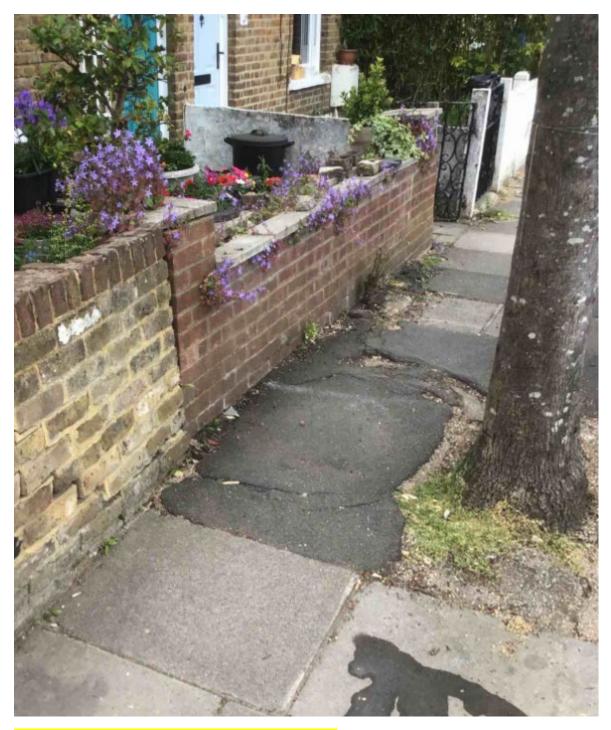


Image shows damaged narrow pavement due to tree