



**RELATING TO PLEASURE GROUNDS AND OPEN SPACES IN THE  
BOROUGH**

Bye laws made under **section 164** of the **Public Health Act,1875**,**Section 15** of the **Open Spaces Act,1906** and **Sections 12 and 15** of the **Open Spaces Act,1906** by the Mayor and Burgesses of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames acting by the Council at a meeting of the Council held on the **tenth day of December 1985** with respect to pleasure grounds.

1. Throughout these byelaws the expression "the Council" means the Mayor and Burgesses of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames, acting by the Council, and the expression "the ground" means, except where inconsistent or incompatible with the context, each of the open spaces and pleasure grounds set out in the **First Schedule** to these byelaws and as identified on **Map No.PRM1** sealed by the Council on the **tenth day of December 1985** and deposited in the Town Clerk's Office.
2. An act by a person for the time being duly authorised by the Council for any purpose in connection with the management, maintenance ,improvement or regulation of the ground and acting in the proper execution of such authority or a person in the legal exercise of some right in, over or effecting the ground shall not be deemed an offence against these byelaws.
3. A person shall not in the ground
  - (I) climb any wall or fence in or enclosing the ground, or any tree, or any barrier, railing, post, or other erection;
  - (II) without reasonable excuse remove or displace any wall or fence in or enclosing the ground, or any barrier, railing, post, seat, board, plate or tablet, or any part of any erection or ornament, or any implement provided for use in the laying out or maintenance of the ground.

4. A person shall not, except in pursuance of a lawful agreement with the Council or otherwise in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege, bring or cause to be brought into the ground any cattle, sheep, goats, or pigs, or any beast of draught or burden.

5 (I) A person shall not, except in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege, bring or cause to be brought into the ground any barrow, truck, machine or vehicle other than--

(a) a wheeled bicycle, tricycle or other similar machine;

(b) a wheel-chair or perambulator drawn or propelled by hand and used solely for the conveyance of a child or children or an invalid.

(c) a vehicle which is an invalid carriage complying with the requirements of and used in accordance with conditions prescribed by Regulations made under **Section 20** of the **Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970**.

Provided that this bye law shall not be deemed to prohibit the driving over any public road or any track authorised by the Council for the purpose, and indicated in a notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position near to such track, of any vehicle, or, where the Council set apart a space in the ground for the use of any class of vehicle, the driving in or to that space by a direct route from the entrance to the ground of any vehicle of the class for which it is set apart.

(II) A person shall not except in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege ride any bicycle, tricycle or other similar machine in any part of the ground.

6. A person who brings a vehicle into the ground shall not wheel or station it over or upon

(I) any flower bed, shrub, or plant, or any ground in course of preparation as a flower bed or for the growth of any tree, shrub, or plant;

(II) any part of the ground where the Council by notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position in the ground prohibit it being wheeled or stationed.

7. A person shall not affix any bill, placard, or notice to or upon any wall or fence in or enclosing the ground, or to or upon any tree, or plant, or to or upon any part of any building, barrier, or railing, or of any seat, or of any other erection or ornament in the ground.
8. A person shall not on the ground walk, run, stand, sit or lie upon
- (I) any grass, turf, or other place where adequate notice to keep off such grass, turf, or other place is exhibited; Provided that such notice shall not apply to more than one fifth of the area of the ground;
  - (II) any flower bed, shrub, or plant, or any ground in course of preparation as a flower bed or for the growth of any tree, shrub or plant.
9. A person shall not in the ground remove or displace any soil, turf, tree, shrub or plant.
10. A person shall not
- (I) bathe, wade, or wash in any ornamental lake, pond, stream or other water in the ground;
  - (II) intentionally, recklessly or negligently foul or pollute any such water;
  - (III) kill, molest or intentionally disturb any fish or water fowl;
- Provided that this bye law shall not be deemed to prohibit bathing, wading or fishing from any part of the ground which, by a notice conspicuously exhibited near thereto, may be set apart by the Council for the purpose of bathing, wading or fishing
- (I) during such periods as may be specified on the notice boards; and
  - (II) by such number of persons not exceeding at any one time the number specified on the notice board.

11. A person shall not cause or suffer any dog belonging to him or in his charge to remain in the ground, unless such dog be and continue to be under proper control, and be effectually restrained from causing annoyance to any person, and from worrying or disturbing any animal or waterfowl, and from entering any ornamental water. Provided that a person shall not cause or suffer any dog belonging to him or in his charge;
- (a) to enter any enclosed part of the grounds listed in **Part 1 of Schedule 2** to these bye laws which, by a notice affixed or set up near thereto is reserved as a children's play area or sports area;
  - (b) to enter or remain in any of the grounds listed in **part 2 of schedule 2** unless such dog be on a lead.
12. Where the Council set apart any such part of the ground as may be fixed by the Council, and described in a notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position in the ground, for the purpose of any game specified in the notice board, which, by reason of the rules or manner of playing, or for the prevention of damage, danger, or discomfort to any person in the grounds may necessitate, at any time during the continuance of the game, the exclusive use by the players of any space in such part of the ground, a person shall not in any space elsewhere in the ground play or take part in any game so specified in such a manner as to exclude persons not playing or taking part in the game from the use of such a space.
13. A person resorting to the ground and playing or taking part in any game for which the exclusive use of any space in the ground has been set apart shall
- (I) not play on the space any game other than the game for which it set apart;
  - (II) in preparing for playing and in playing, use reasonable care to prevent undue interference with the proper use of the ground by other persons;
  - (III) when the space is already occupied by other players not begin to play thereon without their permission;

- (IV)* where the exclusive use of the ground has been granted by the Council for the playing of a match, not play on that space later than a quarter of an hour before the time fixed for the beginning of the match unless he is taking part therein;
- (V)* except where the exclusive use of the space has been granted by the Council for the playing of a match in which he is taking part, not use the space for a longer time than two hours continuously, if any other player or players make known to him a wish to use the space.
14. A person shall not in any part of the ground which may have been set apart by the Council for any game play or take part in any game
- (a)* when the state of the ground or other cause makes it unfit for use and a notice is set up in some conspicuous position prohibiting play in that part of the ground;
- (b)* except at such times as may be prescribed by the Council and advertised by notice set up in the portion or portions of the grounds so appointed.
15. A person shall not in any ground play any game with a cricket ball, golf ball or any other hard ball to the danger of any other person using the ground. Provided that this bye law shall not be deemed to prohibit the playing of any game with a hard ball in any part of the ground which may be set apart by the Council for the playing of organised games and described in a notice board affixed or set up in a conspicuous position in the ground.
16. A person shall not in the ground
- (I)* except as hereinafter provided erect any post, rail, fence, pole, tent, booth, stand, building, or other structure; Provided that this prohibition shall not apply where upon an application to the Council they grant permission to erect any post, rail, fence, pole, tent, booth, stand, building, or other structure, upon such occasion and for such purpose as are specified in the application;
- (II)* sell, or offer or expose for sale or let to hire, or offer or expose for letting to hire, any commodity or article, unless, in pursuance of any agreement with the Council, or otherwise in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege, he is authorised to sell or let to hire in the ground such commodity or article.

17. A person shall not in the ground intentionally obstruct, disturb, or annoy any other person in the proper use of the ground, or intentionally obstruct or disturb any officer of the Council in the proper execution of his duty, or any person or servant of any person employed by the Council in the proper execution of any work in connection with the laying out or maintenance of the ground.
18. Where the Council set apart any such part of the ground as may be fixed by the Council, and described in a notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position on the ground, for the use of children under **15 years** a person who has attained the age of **15 years** shall not play or take part in any ball game in any such part of the ground unless such a person is bona fide in charge of a child or children under the age **15 years**.
19. A person shall not in the ground hold or take part in any public meeting except on any part of the ground which, by notice conspicuously exhibited, the Council set aside for public meetings.
20. A person shall not take part in any public show or performance in the ground. Provided that this bye law shall not apply to any person taking part in a bank show or other entertainment held in the ground in pursuance of an agreement with the Council.
21. A person shall not by playing any musical instrument or singing or by operating or causing or suffering to be operated any wireless set, gramophone, amplifier, tape recorder or similar instrument make, cause or suffer to be made any noise which is so loud or so continuous or repeated as to give reasonable cause for annoyance to other persons in the ground.
22. A person shall not break in any horse in the ground, where any part of the ground, by notices affixed in a conspicuous position in the ground, has been set apart by the Council as a place where horse riding is permitted, a person shall not, except in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege-
  - (a) ride a horse in any other part of the ground;
  - (b) ride a horse on any part of the ground so set apart to the danger or annoyance of other persons in the ground;

- (c) ride a horse on any part of the ground so set apart when the state of the ground or other cause makes it unfit for use and a notice is set up in some conspicuous position prohibiting riding.

23. A person shall not in the ground except as provided by **bye law 24** hereof

- (I) release any power driven aircraft for flight or control the flight of such an aircraft;

- (II) cause any power-driven model aircraft to take off or land in the ground.

24. where any part of the ground known as the **Old Deer Park** has, by a notice conspicuously exhibited in the ground, been set apart by the Council for the flying of power-driven model aircraft

- (I) no person shall in any other part of the ground

- (a) release any power-driven model aircraft for flight or control the flight of such an aircraft; or

- (b) without reasonable excuse cause any power-driven model aircraft to take off or land,

in such other part of the ground.

- (II) no person shall fly a power-driven model aircraft in any such part of the ground so set apart,

unless---

- (a) the aircraft is attached to a control line and kept under effective control;

- (b) the noise emitted by the aircraft gives a noise measurement of not more than **82dB (A)** at a distance of seven metres from the aircraft measured by the equipment described, and by the method set out, in the Code of Practice issued in pursuance of approval given by the control of noise (**Code of Practice on noise from Model Aircraft) Order 1981**;

- (c) the aircraft is fitted with an effectual silencer or similar device except in relation to an aircraft to which the fitting of a silencer or similar device is not practicable.

Provided that no power-driven model aircraft may be flown pursuant to this bye law between the hours of two o'clock in the afternoon and sunset on Saturdays.

- 25.** For the purpose of **bye laws 23 and 24** the expression "model aircraft" means an aircraft which either weighs not more than five kilograms without its fuel or is for the time being exempted (as a model-aircraft) from the provisions of the **Air Navigation Order**, and the expression "power-driven" means driven by the combustion of petrol vapour or other combustible vapour or other combustible substances
- 26.** Every person who shall offend against any of these bye laws shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.
- 27.** Every person who shall infringe any bye law for the regulation of the ground may be removed therefrom by any officer of the Council, or by any constable, in any one of the several cases hereinafter specified, that is to say---
- (I)* Where the infraction of the bye law is committed within the view of such officer or constable, and the name and residence of the person infringing the bye law are unknown to and cannot be readily ascertained by such officer or constable;
- (II)* Where the infraction of the bye law is committed within the view of such officer or constable, and from the nature of such infraction, or from any other fact of which such officer or constable may have knowledge, or of which he may be credibly informed, there may be reasonable ground for belief that the continuance in the ground of the person infringing the bye law may result in another infraction of the bye law, or that the removal of such person from the ground is otherwise necessary as a security for the proper use and regulation thereof.

#### **Repeal of Bye laws**

- 28.** All existing bye laws for the regulation of public walks, pleasure grounds and open spaces made by the Council of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames, the Council of the former Borough of Richmond (Surrey), the Council of the former Borough of Twickenham and the Council for the former Urban District Council of Barnes are hereby repealed.

**PART ONE**  
**PUBLIC HEALTH ACT 1875**

Bell Hill Recreation Ground  
Bridge Gardens  
Broom Road Playground  
Cambourne Path  
Cambridge Gardens  
Carlisle Park  
Castelnau Recreation Ground  
Crane Park  
Devonshire Lodge  
Fulwell Park  
Garrick Lawn  
Gothic Gardens (part)  
Grove Gardens  
Grove Road Pleasure Ground  
Ham Lands (part)  
Ham Village Green (part)  
Hampton Hill Recreation Ground  
Hatherop Road Playing Field  
Heathfield  
Kew Green  
Kew Meadows Open Space & Path  
Kneller Gardens  
Lonsdale Road Plantation  
Manor Gardens, Teddington  
Manor Road Recreation Ground  
Mears Walk  
Midhurst Gardens, Richmond (part)  
Moormead and Bandy Close  
Murray Park  
North Sheen Park  
Old deer Park  
Orleans Gardens  
Pest House Common  
Petersham Common  
Queen Elizabeth Walk, Barnes  
Radnor House Gardens  
Raleigh Gardens  
Richmond Green  
Riverdale Gardens

Riverside Drive Open Space  
 Terrace Field  
 Terrace Gardens, Hampton  
 Terrace Gardens, Richmond  
 Terrace Walk  
 Town Hall Gardens, Richmond  
 Twickenham Green  
 Udney Hall Gardens  
 Vine Road Recreation Ground  
 Wades Lane Recreation Ground  
 Westerley Ware  
 Worple Way Open Space  
 York House Gardens

**FIRST SCHEDULE**  
**PART TWO**  
**OPEN SPACES ACT 1906**

Barnes Reservoir  
 Beaufort Court Playground  
 Beveree, Hampton  
 Buccleuch Gardens  
 Church Road Playground, Teddington  
 Gothic Gardens (part)  
 Cholmondely Walk  
 Ham Lands (part)  
 Ham Village Green (part)  
 Hampton Nursery Lands, District Park  
 Hampton Nursery Lands, Five Acre Park  
 Hampton Nursery Lands, One Acre Park  
 Holly Hedge Field  
 Holly Road Garden of Rest  
 Hounslow Heath Open Space  
 King Georges Field. Ham  
 Melancholy Walk, Ham  
 Midhurst Gardens, Richmond (part)  
 Mortlake Green  
 Mortlake Terrace Gardens  
 Palewell Fields  
 Petersham Copse  
 Petersham Lodge Grounds

Queen Elizabeth Field, Ham  
 Russels Allotments  
 Sandy Lane Playground  
 St. Albans, Hampton  
 Suffolk Road Recreation Ground  
 Tangier Green  
 Tapestry Court, Mortlake  
 The Avenues, Ham  
 The Avenues, Petersham

**SECOND SCHEDULE**

PART ONE

PART TWO

Broom Road Playground  
 Grove Gardens  
 Church Road Playground, Teddington  
 Queen Elizabeth Walk, Barnes  
 Hatherop Road Playing Field  
 Heathfield  
 Kneller Gardens  
 Moormead  
 Palewell Fields  
 Tangier Green

The Common Seal of the Mayor and Burgesses of the London Borough of  
 Richmond Upon Thames was  
 hereunto affixed in the presence of

L.S.  
 A I SIMMONDS  
 Mayor

M J HONEY  
 Chief Executive

The foregoing bye laws are hereby confirmed  
 by the Secretary of State and shall come into  
 operation on the **19th** day of **March 1986**

Seal of the

Secretary Of State

Home

Department

Signed by authority of the Secretary of State  
this **4th** day of **March 1986**

M E HEAD

An Assistant Under Secretary of State

### BYELAWS

#### **Relating to the Control of Dogs in**

#### **Certain Pleasure Grounds and Open Spaces in the Borough**

Bye laws made by the Council of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames under **section 164** of the **Public Health Act 1875** and **Sections 12 and 15** of the **Open Spaces Act 1906** with regard to public walks pleasure grounds and open spaces by the Mayor and Burgesses of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames acting by the Council at a meeting of the Council held on the **seventeenth day of July 1990**.

#### **EXTENT**

1. **(I)** These bye laws apply to the pleasure grounds and open spaces named in the Schedule hereto and hereinafter referred to as the grounds.
- (II)** Notice of the effect of these bye laws shall be given by signs placed in conspicuous positions on or near each of the grounds.

#### **INTERPRETATION**

2. In these bye laws

"the Council" means the Council of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames

### REMOVAL OF CANINE FAECES

3. Every person in charge of a dog (other than a registered blind person in charge of a dog) who, without reasonable excuse, fails to remove forthwith from the grounds any faeces deposited by the dog shall be guilty of an offence.
4. For compliance with bye law 3 the following provisions shall apply;
  - (a) it shall be a sufficient removal from the grounds if the faeces are deposited in a receptacle within the grounds which has been provided for that purpose by the Council;
  - (b) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing it shall not be a reasonable excuse that a person in charge of a dog did not have with him any means of removal of the faeces
5.
  - (I) For the purpose of these bye laws the keeper of the dog shall be deemed in charge thereof, unless the Court is satisfied that at the time when the dog fouled the grounds it had been placed in or taken into charge of some other person
  - (II) In paragraph (1) above "the keeper" shall include the owner of the dog or any person who habitually has it in his possession
6. Any person offending against bye laws may be removed from the grounds by any officer of the Council or any Constable

#### **PENALTY**

7. Any person offending against bye law 3 shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding **level 2** on the standard scale

#### **REVOCATIONS**

8. Bye law **11** of the bye laws made by the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames and confirmed by the Secretary of State on **4 March 1986**, insofar as they apply to those grounds listed in the Schedule are revoked with effect from the date on which these bye laws shall come into operation.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Under section **164** of the **Public Health Act 1875**

**Richmond Green**

**Twickenham Green**

Under section **12** and **15** of the **Open Spaces Act 1906**

**Mortlake Green**

**North Sheen Park**

**Moormead and Bandy Close**

**THE COMMON SEAL**  
of the **MAYOR AND**  
**BURGESSES OF THE**  
**LONDON BOROUGH**  
**OF RICHMOND**  
**UPON THAMES** was  
hereunto affixed in the  
presence of;

**KATIE GENT**  
**Mayor**

**R.L.HARBORD**  
**Chief Executive &**  
**Director of Finance**

**Seal Reg No**

**2405/2**

The foregoing byelaws are  
hereby confirmed by the  
**Secretary of State** and  
shall come into  
operation on the **tenth**  
**day of December 1990.**

Signed by authority of  
the **Secretary of State**

**C.L.SCOBLE**  
**An Assistant**  
**Under Secretary of State**

**BYE-LAWS**  
**RELATING TO COMMONS IN THE BOROUGH**

**Byelaws made under the Richmond Petersham and Ham Open Spaces Act,1902,the Metropolitan Commons (Ham) Supplemental Act,1901,the Surrey(Riverside Areas)**

**Order 1933,the Metropolitan Common Scheme, (Palewell) Confirmation Act,1935,the Richmond (Surrey) Corporation Act,1937,the Metropolitan Commons (Barnes) Supplemental Act,1898,and the Metropolitan Commons (East Sheen)Supplemental Act,1898 by the Mayor and Burgesses of the London Borough of Richmond Upon Thames,acting by the Council at a meeting of the Council held on 8th March 1988 with respect to Commons.**

1. Throughout these bye laws the expression "the Council" means the Mayor and Burgesses of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames acting by the Council and the expression "common" means except where inconsistent or incompatible with the context each of the lands set out in the First Schedule to these bye laws.
  
2. An act by a person for the time being duly authorised by the Council for any purpose in connection with the management, maintenance, improvement or regulation of the common and acting in the proper execution of that purpose or a person duly authorised by such a person and acting in the proper execution of such authority or a person acting in the legal exercise of some right in, over or affecting the common shall not be deemed an offence against these bye laws .
  
3. A person shall not on the common
  - (a) climb any fence or any tree, or any barrier, railing, post or other erection.
  
  - (b) without reasonable cause remove or displace any wall or fence in or enclosing the common, or any barrier, railing, post, seat, board, plate or tablet, or any part of any erection or ornament, or any implement provided for use in the laying out or maintenance of the common.
  
4. A person shall not on the common remove or displace any soil, turf, tree or shrub.

5. A person shall not cause or suffer any dog belonging to him or in his charge to remain on the common, unless such dog be and continue to be under proper control and be effectually restrained from causing annoyance to any person and from worrying or disturbing any animal or waterfowl and from entering any ornamental water.

6. A person shall not, except in pursuance of a lawful agreement with the Council or otherwise in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege, bring or cause to be brought on to the common any cattle, horses, sheep, goats, or pigs, or any beast of draught or burden.

7.(a) A person shall not, except in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege, bring or cause to be brought on to the common any barrow, truck, machine or vehicle other than-

(1) a wheeled bicycle, tricycle or other similar machine.

(2) a wheel-chair or perambulator drawn or propelled by hand and used solely for the conveyance of a child or children.

(3) a vehicle which is an invalid carriage complying with the requirements of and used in accordance with the conditions prescribed by Regulations made under Section 20 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970.

Provided that this bye law shall not be deemed to prohibit the driving over any public road or any track authorised by the Council for the purpose and indicated in a notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position near to such track of any vehicle or, where the Council set apart a space on the common for the use of any class of vehicle, in or to that space by a direct route from the entrance to the common of any vehicle of the class for which it is set apart.

7 (b) A person shall not except in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege ride any bicycle, tricycle or similar machine on any part of the common.

8 A person who brings a vehicle onto the common shall not wheel or station it over or upon

**(a)** any flower bed, shrub, or plant, or any ground in course of preparation as a flower bed or for the growth of any tree, shrub, or plant.

**(b)** any part of the common where the Council by a notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position in the common prohibit its being wheeled or stationed.

**9.** A person shall not affix any bill, placard, notice, sign or other mark to or upon any wall or fence on the common or to or upon any tree, or plant, or to or upon any part of any building, barrier, or railing, or of any seat, or of any other erection or ornament on the common.

**10.** A person shall not on the common, walk, run, stand, or sit, or lie upon any flower bed, shrub, or plant, or any ground in course of preparation as a flower bed or for the growth of any tree, shrub or plant.

**11.** A person shall not

**(a)** bathe, wade, or wash in any lake, pond, stream or other water on the common.

**(b)** intentionally, recklessly or negligently foul or pollute any such water.

**(c)** kill, molest or intentionally disturb any fish or water fowl.

Provided that this bye law shall not be deemed to prohibit bathing, wading or fishing from any part of the common which, by a notice conspicuously exhibited near thereto, may be set apart by the Council for the purpose of bathing, wading or fishing.

**(1)** during such period as may be specified on the notice board.

**(2)** by such number of persons not exceeding at any one time the number specified on the notice board.

**12.** Where the Council set apart any such part of the common as may be affixed by the Council, and described in a notice board affixed or set up in some conspicuous position on the common, for the purpose of any game specified in the notice board, which by reason of the rules or manner of playing, or for the prevention of damage, danger or discomfort to any person on the common may necessitate, at any time during the continuance of the game, the exclusive use by the player or players of any space in such part of the common, a person shall not in any space elsewhere on the common play or take part in any game so specified in such a manner as to exclude persons not playing or taking part in the game from the use of such a space.

- 13.** A person resorting to the common and playing or taking part in any game for which the exclusive use of any space on the common has been set apart shall,
- (a)* not play on the space any game other than the game for which it is set apart.
  - (b)* in preparing for playing and in playing, use reasonable care to prevent undue interference with the proper use of the common by other persons.
  - (c)* when the space is already occupied by other players not to begin thereon without their permission.
  - (d)* where the exclusive use of the space has been granted by the Council for the playing of a match, not play on that space later than a quarter of an hour before the time fixed for the beginning of the match unless he is taking part therein.
  - (e)* except where the exclusive use of the space has been granted by the Council for the playing of a match in which he is taking part, not use the space for a longer time than two hours continuously, if any other player or players make known to him a wish to use the space.
- 14.** A person shall not on any part of the common which may have been set apart by the Council for any game play or take part in any game
- (a)* when the state of the ground or other cause makes it unfit for use and a notice is set up in some conspicuous position prohibiting play in that part of the common.
  - (b)* except at such times as may be prescribed by the Council and advertised by notices set up on the portion or portions of the common so appointed.
- 15.** A person shall not on the common play with a cricket ball, a hard golf ball or with any other hard ball to the danger of any other person using the common provided that this bye law shall not be deemed to prohibit the playing of any game with a hard ball in any part of the common which may be set apart by the Council for the playing of organised games and described in a notice board affixed or set up on a conspicuous position on the common.
- 16.** A person shall not on the common,

- (a)** except as hereinafter provided erect any post, rail, fence, pole, tent, booth, stand, building, or other structure.

Provided that this prohibition shall not apply where upon an application to the Council they grant permission to erect any post, rail, fence, pole, booth, stand, building, or other structure, upon such occasion and for such purpose as are specified in the application.

- (b)** sell, or offer or expose for sale, or let to hire, or offer or expose for letting to hire, any commodity or article, unless, in pursuance of an agreement with the Council, or otherwise in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege, he is authorised to sell or let to hire on the common such commodity or article.

**17.** A person shall not, on the common, intentionally obstruct, disturb, or annoy any other person in the proper use of the common, or intentionally obstruct, or disturb, any officer of the Council in the proper execution of his duty, or any person or servant of any person employed by the Council in the proper execution of any work in connection with the laying out or maintenance of the common.

**18.** A person shall not on the common hold or take part in any public meeting except on any part of the common which, by a notice conspicuously exhibited, the Council set aside for public meetings.

**19.** A person shall not take part in any public show or performance on the common Provided that this byelaw shall not apply to any person taking part in a band show or any other entertainment held on the common in pursuance of an agreement with the Council.

**20.** A person shall not by playing any musical instrument or singing or by operating or causing or suffering to be operated any wireless set, gramophone, amplifier, tape recorder or similar instrument make, cause or suffer to be made any noise which is so loud or so continuous or repeated as to give reasonable cause for annoyance to other persons on the common.

**21.** A person shall not break in any horse on the common.

- 22.** Where any part of the common, by notices affixed in a conspicuous position on the common, has been set apart by the Council as a place where horse-riding is permitted, a person shall not, except in the exercise of any lawful right or privilege-
- (a)** ride a horse on any other part of the common.
  - (b)** ride a horse on any part of the common so set apart to the danger or annoyance of other persons on the common.
  - (c)** ride a horse on any part of the common so set apart when the state of the ground or other cause makes it unfit for use and a notice is set up in some conspicuous position prohibiting riding.
- 23.** A person shall go upon any ice upon any pond or water on the common which shall have been set apart by the Council for the purpose of skating or sliding and adequately indicated by a notice board affixed or set up in a conspicuous position near to such ice except at such times as may be indicated in such notice or notices and no person shall intentionally break up or remove any ice on any pond or water so set apart and indicated, or throw or place any stones, earth or other substance on such ice so as to render the same less suitable for skating or sliding.
- 24.** A person shall not on the common,
- (1)** release any power driven model aircraft for flight or control the flight of such an aircraft or,
  - (2)** cause any power driven model aircraft to take off or land on the common.
- 25.** For the purposes of bye-law 24 the expression "model aircraft" means an aircraft which either weighs not more than five kilograms without its fuel or is for the time being exempted (as a model aircraft) from the provisions of the Air Navigation Orders and the expression "power driven" means driven by the combustion of petrol vapour or other combustible vapour or other combustible substances.
- 26.** Every person who shall offend against any of these bye laws shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

27. Any officer of the Council or Police Constable may remove from the common any person guilty of brawling, fighting or using indecent or improper language or any disorderly person.

**END**