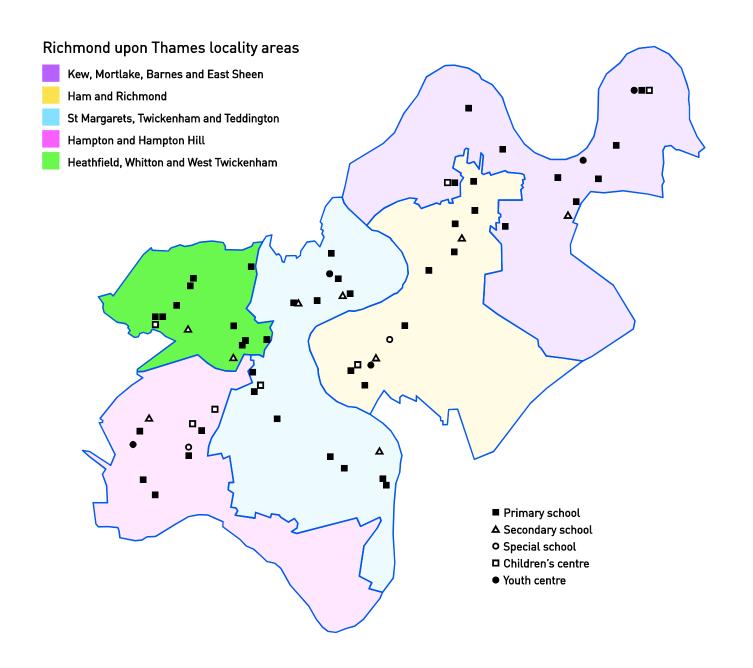


Locality Needs Assessment 2013





The following information is a summary of the key findings contained within this needs analysis that are more significant in this locality than the others. It is advised that the Single Locality Commissioning Board considers this information when setting priorities for the forthcoming year for commissioning services.

All references to high/low proportions are in comparison to localities and not a reflection on our position nationally.

Priority area	s
Page	Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham
7	Lower levels of attainment in the Early Years Foundation Stage
9	Key stage 2 tests Level 4 and 5 or above: reading, writing & mathematics attainment lower than the local authority average
10	Key stage 4 GCSE results for 5 or more A*-C grades inc English and maths, and 5 or more A*-C grades attainment lower than local authority average and the English Baccalaureate
12	High number of permanent and fixed term exclusions
13 & 14	Relatively high proportion of special educational needs pupils
15 & 16	Slightly higher free school meals eligibility
17 & 18	Relatively high proportion of black and minority ethnic groups
28	High number of young and teenage parents
30	Increase in number of referrals
31	High proportion of initial assessments
32	Increase in number of core assessments completed
40 & 41	High proportion of MARAC cases involving children
51	Increase in first time entrants
53	Low take up of youth service participation
56	Two specific lower super output areas identified with child poverty

Demographics

Area description

This largely residential area developed during the 1930s and is mostly made up of inter-war housing.

The locality has a long boundary with the London Borough of Hounslow to the north and west, with Hampton to the south and Twickenham and Teddington to the east. Whitton High Street provides a range of small local shops and services. There are large-scale retail park developments in the south west corner of the locality.

The area is dominated by the A316 dual carriageway, and is one of the less affluent areas of Richmond borough. It contains a number of open spaces, including Crane Park, Murray Park and the Kneller Road recreation grounds.

The Royal Military Music School can be found in this locality.

Schools

There are a range of schools within this locality. The overall effectiveness of primary, secondary and academy schools within the area are considered by Ofsted to be either 'good' or 'outstanding'. There is increasing demand for schools, particularly in this locality, which impacts on class sizes and the number of permanent places available.

Schools within this locality are:

Primary

- Heathfield Junior School
- Bishop Perrin Church of England School
- Trafalgar Infant School
- Trafalgar Junior School
- Nelson Primary School
- Chase Bridge Primary School
- Heathfield Infant School
- St Edmund's Catholic Primary School
- Archdeacon Cambridge's Primary School

Secondary/Academies

- Waldegrave School for Girls
- Twickenham Academy

Health centres, hospitals and GP surgeries

The Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham locality contains three GP surgeries:

- Jubilee Surgery
- Kudra (Woodlawn)
- Crane Park Surgery

West Middlesex Hospital in the London Borough of Hounslow will be the nearest hospital for many residents.

Sports facilities

This locality has the following leisure centre in the area:

• Whitton Sports and Fitness Centre (currently closed for refurbishment work, due to reopen in 2014).

Police stations

There isn't a police station in this locality. However, there is Safer Neighbourhood Team based at Twickenham Academy and a police surgery held at Whitton Library every second week.

Youth centres

The locality has one youth club for its resident youth population, Whitton Youth Zone opening in December 2013.

Libraries

There are two libraries in the locality

- Whitton library
- Heathfield Library Access Point (LAP) in Whitton Community Centre, term-time only

Population estimates

The borough population is 187,000 of which around 24% (44,000) is aged between 0 and 19. There are more female residents, 95,800 compared to male 91,100. The St Margaret's, Twickenham and Teddington locality has the highest number of young people living in the local area, estimated at 14,300, the lowest is in Ham and Richmond at 6,400.

Locality	Quinary age groups									
Locality	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	Total 0-19					
Ham and Richmond	1,992	1,661	1,418	1,295	6,366					
Hampton and Hampton Hill	1,728	1,415	1,338	1,406	5,887					
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	2,061	1,666	1,531	1,508	6,766					
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	3,641	2,879	2,147	2,028	10,695					
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	4,661	3,637	3,130	2,921	14,349					
Richmond upon Thames	14,083	11,258	9,564	9,158	44,063					

Table 1: Resident population by quinary age group

Source: Office for National Statistics 2011Census: Usual resident population by five-year age group, local authorities in the United Kingdom

Children's centres

New registrations at children's centres (2008/09 to 2012/13)

Children centre	2008/09	2009/10	200/11	2011/12	2012/13	Total
Ham Children's Centre	0	564	841	1,032	814	3,251
Hampton Children's Centre	0	10	1,557	679	446	2,692
Heathfield Children's Centre	10	711	1,611	1,066	835	4,233
North Barnes Children's Centre	0	4	267	1,052	2,013	3,336
Stanley Children's Centre	7	48	492	1,414	1,478	3,439
Total	17	1,337	4,768	5,243	5,586	16,951

During 2012/13, 5,586 individuals registered with their local children's centre.

Education

Attainment

Early Years Foundation Stage 2013 (Provisional)

	All pupils	C	Average		
	Percentage of	Expe	ected or excee	ding	points for
School	pupils with a good level of development	Prime learning goals	Specific learning goals	All learning goals	cohort
Archdeacon Cambridge's	20	40	19	16	31.3
Bishop Perrin	52	62	52	52	33.3
Chase Bridge	42	71	43	42	31.7
Heathfield Infant	18	27	21	13	28.8
Nelson	15	25	12	12	26.3
St Edmund's	28	63	25	23	30.9
Trafalgar Infant	53	63	66	52	31.8
Heathfield, Whitton, West Twickenham	31	48	32	28	30.3
Richmond - maintained primary schools	42	61	45	40	31.7
National	52	na	na	na	33.0

The percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development in this locality is 31%. This compares to Richmond Borough maintained schools at 42%. Results range from 15% to 53%. The average point scores for this locality range from 26.3 to 33.3, this compares to 31.7 for all Richmond Borough maintained schools.

Key Stage 1 teacher assessments 2010-2013 (Provisional)

		Percentage of pupils achieving Level 2 or above														
		Rea	ding			Writing			Spe	aking a	& liste	ning	Mathematics			
School	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013
Archdeacon Cambridge's	98	98	100	98	93	95	97	89	98	98	100	96	97	97	100	100
Bishop Perrin	93	93	93	100	100	89	93	90	100	93	93	93	100	93	93	100
Chase Bridge	87	88	90	88	87	80	87	85	87	83	92	93	95	90	93	93
Heathfield Infant	85	88	82	89	80	84	83	87	80	96	90	93	97	96	92	93
Nelson	90	91	97	97	90	91	93	88	88	88	97	92	97	91	98	97
St Edmund's	88	93	100	97	77	93	97	93	88	98	100	98	88	97	98	98
Trafalgar Infant	96	98	97	94	96	93	97	93	99	100	97	98	97	99	99	99
Heathfield, Whitton,																
West Twickenham	91	93	93	94	88	89	92	89	91	94	95	95	96	95	96	97
Richmond - maintained																
primary schools	92	91	92	93	90	89	90	91	92	92	93	94	94	94	95	95
National	85	85	87	89	81	81	83	85	87	87	88	89	89	90	91	91

Key Stage 1 – Reading Level 2 + The locality average was 94% which is higher than all Richmond Borough maintained primary schools' average of 93%. Results range from 100% to 88%.

Key Stage 1 – Writing Level 2 + The locality average was 89% which is lower than all Richmond Borough maintained primary schools' average of 91%. Results range from 93% to 85%.

Key Stage 1 – Speaking and listening The locality average was 95% which is higher than all Richmond Borough maintained primary schools' average of 94%. Results range from 98% to 92%.

Key Stage 1 – maths Level 2+: The locality average was 97% which is higher than all Richmond Borough maintained schools' average of 95%. Results range from 100% to 93%.

Key Stage 2 tests 2010-2013 (Provisional)

			Percent	age of pu	ipils ach	ieving		
		Level 4 d	or above			Level 5	or above	
	Reading,	writing 8	& mathen	natics	Reading	g, writing	y & mathe	ematics
School	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013
Archdeacon Cambridge's	Х	79	85	91	X	34	35	41
Bishop Perrin	Х	85	83	78	Х	12	40	22
Chase Bridge	Х	75	73	70	X	11	20	29
Heathfield Junior	Х	67	84	77	Х	5	25	21
Nelson	Х	71	70	77	X	16	21	21
St Edmund's	Х	78	90	91	Х	10	28	19
Trafalgar Junior	Х	83	90	82	Х	15	35	23
Heathfield, Whitton,								
West Twickenham	X	77	83	81	X	15	29	25
Richmond - maintained primary schools	X	82	87	85	Х	25	39	37
National	Х	67	75	na	X	13	20	na

Reading, writing and mathematics Level 4+ The locality average is 81% which is below all Richmond Borough maintained school average of 85%. Six of the seven schools achieved or exceeded the national average of 75% (2012 data), with results ranging from 90% to 83%.

Reading, writing and mathematics Level 5+ The locality average was 25% which is below the all Richmond Borough maintained school average of 37%. Six of the seven schools achieved or exceeded the national average of 20% (2012 data), with results ranging from 41% to 19%.

Key Stage 4 GCSE and equivalent results 2010-2013 (provisional)

	Percentage of pupils achieving											
	English Baccalaureate				Five or more A* to C grades inc. English and maths				Five or more A* to C grades			
School	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013
Christ's School	10	17	17	49	64	70	70	69	89	91	89	79
Grey Court School	27	23	32	44	54	67	68	78	84	85	93	99
Hampton Academy	8	18	14	22	48	47	46	46	64	69	75	82
Orleans Park School	35	39	32	54	71	70	65	70	81	74	75	79
Richmond Park Academy	11	5	9	13	40	43	61	63	57	79	88	91
Teddington School	30	32	27	48	69	72	63	74	87	90	87	84
Twickenham Academy	9	8	6	12	48	49	46	55	80	85	81	80
Waldegrave School for Girls	47	50	52	63	88	86	81	86	95	96	94	95
Richmond - maintained												
secondary and academies	24	26	26	41	24	63	63	68	79	82	84	85
National	15	15	16	Х	15	59	59	Χ	75	80	83	Х

Key Stage 4 - Five or more GCSE A*-C grades including English and mathematics: Results ranged from 46% to 86%.

English Baccalaureate: Results ranged from 12% to 63%.

Absence (academic year 2012/2013)

Authorised and unauthorised absence 2012/2013

	Per	centage absenc	es
School	Authorised	Unauthorised	Total
Archdeacon Cambridge's CE Primary	3.28	0.09	3.36
Bishop Perrin CE Primary	4.16	0.40	4.56
Chase Bridge Primary	4.10	0.28	4.38
Heathfield Infant	4.88	1.14	6.02
Heathfield Junior	3.36	1.44	4.80
Nelson Primary	3.23	1.78	5.01
St Edmund's Catholic Primary	4.13	0.19	4.32
Trafalgar Infant	4.23	0.09	4.32
Trafalgar Junior	3.03	0.47	3.50
Twickenham Academy	4.11	1.56	5.67
Waldegrave School for Girls	2.95	0.46	3.41
Heathfield, Whitton and West			
Twickenham	3.66	0.74	4.40
Richmond - maintained schools and academies	3.73	0.79	4.52

Most schools within the locality have predominantly low levels of total absence. The locality average is 4.40% and ranges from 3.36% to 6.02%. This compares to 4.52% for all Richmond Borough maintained schools and academies and 5.10% (2012) nationally.

Permanent and fixed term exclusions (academic year 2012/13) (Provisional)

Localities	Primary fixed term exclusions	Secondary fixed term exclusions	Primary permanent exclusions	Secondary permanent exclusions	Secondary managed transfers
Ham and Richmond	8	132	0	3	1
Hampton and Hampton Hill	6	81	0	2	1
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	12	62	0	3	2
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	8	72	0	3	0
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	9	123	1	2	2
Totals	43	473	1	13	6

During the 2012/13 academic year, there was one permanent exclusion within all Richmond Borough maintained primary schools, however there was a total of 43 fixed term exclusions.

During the 2012/13 academic year, there were 13 permanent exclusions in Richmond Borough maintained secondary schools and six managed transfers. There was also a total of 468 fixed term exclusions.

Special educational needs (SEN) (2013 Census)

	SEN pup	ils with sta	atements	SEN	l pupils with	hout statem	nents	All SEN pupils
	Roll inc.			Numb	er 2013			
School	nursery Jan 2013	Number 2013	% of roll 2013	School Action	School Action +	Total	% of roll 2013	% of roll 2013
Archdeacon Cambridge's CE Primary	491	5	1.0%	18	7	25	5.1%	6.1%
Bishop Perrin CE Primary	208	6	2.9%	6	3	9	4.3%	7.2%
Chase Bridge Primary	548	3	0.5%	48	31	79	14.4%	15.0%
Heathfield Infant	433	9	2.1%	63	16	79	18.2%	20.3%
Heathfield Junior	311	11	3.5%	35	20	55	17.7%	21.2%
Nelson Primary	438	6	1.4%	36	9	45	10.3%	11.6%
St Edmund's Catholic Primary	468	8	1.7%	23	18	41	8.8%	10.5%
Trafalgar Infant	269	3	1.1%	5	5	10	3.7%	4.8%
Trafalgar Junior	337	10	3.0%	20	6	26	7.7%	10.7%
Heathfield, Whitton, West Twickenham	3,503	61	1.7%	254	115	369	10.5%	12.3%
Richmond - maintained primary schools	15,297	316	2.1%	880	495	1,375	9.0%	11.1%

SEN pupils, with and without statements, account for 12.3% of the total primary schools population within this locality (430 out of 3,503 pupils). Figures range from 4.8% to 21.2%.

This compares to 11.1% for all Richmond Borough maintained primary schools and 18.5% (2012 data) nationally.

Special educational needs (SEN) (2013 Census)

	SEN pup	ils with sta	atements	SEN	nents	All SEN pupils		
				Numb	Number 2013			
School	Roll Jan 2013	Number 2013	% of roll 2013	School Action	School Action +	Total	% of roll 2013	% of roll 2013
Christ's School	591	28	4.7%	60	26	86	14.6%	19.3%
Grey Court School	1,073	23	2.1%	124	44	168	15.7%	17.8%
Hampton Academy	832	30	3.6%	151	70	221	26.6%	30.2%
Orleans Park School	1,002	60	6.0%	124	54	178	17.8%	23.8%
Richmond Park Academy	504	10	2.0%	106	44	150	29.8%	31.7%
Teddington School	1,153	38	3.3%	127	60	187	16.2%	19.5%
Twickenham Academy	730	31	4.2%	129	60	189	25.9%	30.1%
Waldegrave School for Girls	999	31	3.1%	106	26	132	13.2%	16.3%
Richmond - maintained secondary and academies	6,884	251	3.6%	927	384	1,311	19.0%	-

SEN pupils, with and without statements, account for 11.2% of the total academy population within this locality (383 out of 1,729 pupils). Figures range from 16.3% to 30.1%.

This compares to 25.7% for all Richmond Borough maintained secondary schools and academies and 20.2% (2012 data) nationally.

Free school meals (FSM) (2013 Census)

	Jan 2013									
	Full-time & part-time pupils Full-time pupils onl									
School	Roll including nursery	Pupils eligible for FSM	% of roll eligible	Roll	Pupils eligible for FSM	% of roll eligible				
Archdeacon Cambridge's CE Primary	491	23	4.7%	439	23	5.2%				
Bishop Perrin CE Primary	208	16	7.7%	208	16	7.7%				
Chase Bridge Primary	548	31	5.7%	496	31	6.3%				
Heathfield Infant	433	90	20.8%	333	90	27.0%				
Heathfield Junior	311	88	28.3%	311	88	28.3%				
Nelson Primary	438	40	9.1%	438	40	9.1%				
St Edmund's Catholic Primary	468	12	2.6%	417	12	2.9%				
Trafalgar Infant	269	16	5.9%	269	16	5.9%				
Trafalgar Junior	337	27	8.0%	337	27	8.0%				
Heathfield, Whitton, West Twickenham	3,503	343	9.8%	3,248	343	10.6%				
Richmond - maintained primary schools	15,297	1,279	8.4%	14,355	1,276	8.9%				

Primary – In total, 10.6% of pupils attending school full time in the locality are eligible for free school meals. This compares to 8.9% for all Richmond Borough maintained schools and 19.2% nationally.

Free school meals (FSM) (2013 Census)

	Jan 2013			
School	Number on Roll	Pupils eligible for FSM	% of roll eligible	
Christ's School	591	96	16.2%	
Grey Court School	1,073	150	14.0%	
Hampton Academy	832	125	15.0%	
Orleans Park School	1,002	111	11.1%	
Richmond Park Academy	504	137	27.2%	
Teddington School	1,153	89	7.7%	
Twickenham Academy	730	178	24.4%	
Waldegrave School for Girls	999	89	8.9%	
Richmond - maintained secondary and academies	6,884	975	14.2%	

Secondary – In total, 15.5% of pupils attending secondary schools in this locality are eligible for FSM. This compares to 14.2% for all Richmond Borough maintained secondary schools and 16% (2012 data) nationally. Waldegrave has the lowest eligibility with 8.9% (89) pupils and Twickenham Academy with 24.4% (178) pupils.

Black and minority ethnic pupils (BME) (2013 Census)

Primary

	Black and minority ethnic pupils (BME)			
School	Roll from year 1 Jan 2013	Number 2013	% of roll 2013	
Archdeacon Cambridge's CE Primary	350	73	20.9%	
Bishop Perrin CE Primary	178	80	44.9%	
Chase Bridge Primary	406	164	40.4%	
Heathfield Infant	242	139	57.4%	
Heathfield Junior	311	148	47.6%	
Nelson Primary	348	177	50.9%	
St Edmund's Catholic Primary	357	125	35.0%	
Trafalgar Infant	179	61	34.1%	
Trafalgar Junior	337	131	38.9%	
Heathfield, Whitton,				
West Twickenham	2,708	1,098	40.5%	
Richmond - maintained primary schools	11,937	4,320	36.2%	

40.5% of primary pupils in this locality are BME. This compares to 36.2% for all Richmond Borough maintained primary schools and 27.6% (2012 data) nationally.

Black and minority ethnic pupils (BME) (2013 Census)

Secondary

	Black and minority ethnic pupils (BME)			
School	Roll from Year 1 Jan 2013	Number 2013	% of roll 2013	
Christ's School	591	222	37.6%	
Grey Court School	1,073	403	37.6%	
Hampton Academy	832	252	30.3%	
Orleans Park School	1,002	301	30.0%	
Richmond Park Academy	504	285	56.5%	
Teddington School	1,153	334	29.0%	
Twickenham Academy	730	254	34.8%	
Waldegrave School for Girls	999	327	32.7%	
Richmond - maintained secondary and academies	6,884	2,378	34.5%	

33.6% of secondary pupils in this locality are BME. This compares to 34.5% for all Richmond Borough maintained secondary schools and academies and 23.5% (2012 data) nationally.

Pupils with English as an additional language (EAL) (2013 Census)

	Pupils with English as an Additional Language (EAL)			
School	Roll from year 1 Jan 2013	Number 2013	% of roll 2013	
Archdeacon Cambridge's CE Primary	350	41	11.7%	
Bishop Perrin CE Primary	178	58	32.6%	
Chase Bridge Primary	406	67	16.5%	
Heathfield Infant	242	86	35.5%	
Heathfield Junior	311	119	38.3%	
Nelson Primary	348	129	37.1%	
St Edmund's Catholic Primary	357	74	20.7%	
Trafalgar Infant	179	38	21.2%	
Trafalgar Junior	337	38	21.7%	
Heathfield, Whitton, West Twickenham	2,708	685	25.3%	
Richmond - maintained primary schools	11,937	2,430	20.4%	

25.3% of primary pupils in this locality have EAL. This compares to 20.4% for all Richmond Borough maintained schools and 17.5% (2012 data) nationally.

Pupils with English as an additional language (EAL) (2013 Census)

	Pupils with English as an Additional Language (EAL)			
School	Roll from year 1 Jan 2013	Number 2013	% of roll 2013	
Christ's School	591	222	37.6%	
Grey Court School	1,073	403	37.6%	
Hampton Academy	832	252	30.3%	
Orleans Park School	1,002	301	30.0%	
Richmond Park Academy	504	285	56.5%	
Teddington School	1,153	334	29.0%	
Twickenham Academy	730	254	34.8%	
Waldegrave School for Girls	999	327	32.7%	
Richmond - maintained secondary and academies	6,884	2,378	34.5%	

^{22.7%} of secondary pupils in this locality are EAL. This compares to 20.4% for all Richmond Borough maintained schools and 17.5% (2012 data) nationally.

Mental health

Referrals to CAMHS (2012/13)

During the period April 2012 to March 2013, there were a total of 750 referrals made to Richmond upon Thames' Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS). When converted to a rate per 10,000 of the local population, Richmond upon Thames has 166.6 per 10,000.

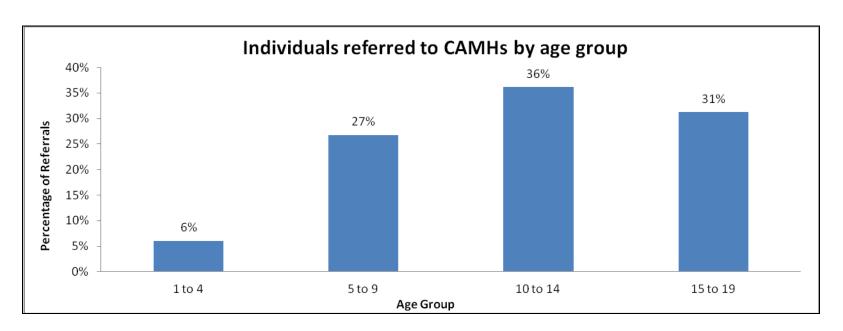
	Number of referrals	Population estimates	Rate per 10,000
Richmond upon Thames	734	44,063	166.6

Referrals to CAMHS

Analysis of the referrals shows that 49% (359) of the referrals to CAMHS were for girls and 51% (375) boys.

	Fem	nale	Ма	le	Total
	No.	%	No.	%	TOLAI
Richmond upon Thames	359	49%	375	51%	734

Referral to CAMHS by gender



The number of referrals made are different from each year group. Those 10 to 14 have the highest referral rate of 265 (36%). The lowest referral rate is from age group 1 to 4 where only 44 (6%) referrals have been made.

	Diagnosis for behaviour and emotional disorders	% of total diagnosis (31 March 2013)	Total number of all diagnosis
Richmond upon Thames	236	37%	633

Diagnoses for behavioural and emotional disorders.

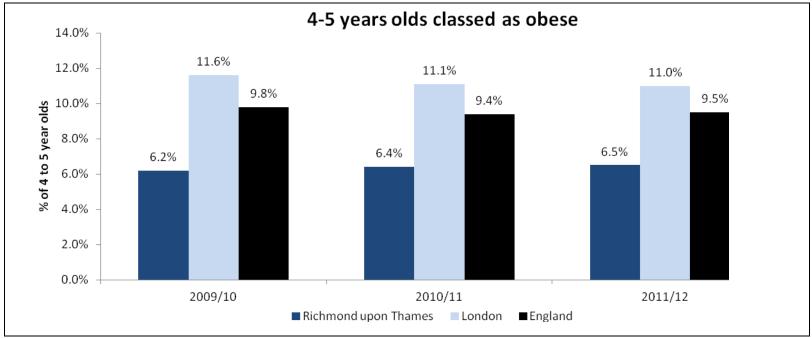
At 31 March, 236 of the 633 referrals had been assigned a diagnosis. Across the borough, 37% of the cases with an assigned condition were banded as being diagnosed for behaviour and emotional disorders.

Physical Health

Childhood obesity (academic year 2011/12)

Established in 2005, the National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) weighs and measures children in Reception (typically aged 4 to 5 years) and Year 6 (aged 10 to 11 years). The findings are used to inform local planning and delivery of services for children and gather population-level surveillance data to allow analysis of trends in excess weight. The programme also seeks to raise awareness of the importance of healthy weight in children. The NCMP is part of the Government's strategy to tackle the continuing rise in excess weight.

Richmond upon Thames has one of the lowest levels of childhood obesity in the whole country. Annual height and weight measurements for 2011/12 indicate that 6.5% (140) of children in Reception year were classified as obese. This is lower than the England average of 9.5% and the London average of 11.0%. Richmond had the second lowest obesity level of the London boroughs for 4 to 5 year olds behind neighbouring Kingston with 5.9%.



Obesity rates in reception aged children, 2009/10 - 2011/12

Source: National Child Measurement Programme

The same analysis of the heights and weights of children in Year 6 (10 to 11 years) tells a similar story. The proportion of children and young people in Year 6 in Richmond classified as obese was 12.9% compared to a much higher proportion in London (22.9%) and England (19.2%). A trend analysis shows only slight fluctuations in the percentage of children obese with the highest proportion in 2011/12 (12.9%) and the lowest in 2010/11 (10.7%).

Comparator	Percentage of children in Year 6 classified as obese 2009/10 2010/11 2011/12				
Richmond upon Thames	12.1%	10.7%	12.9%		
London	21.8%	21.9%	22.9%		
England	18.7%	19.0%	19.2%		

Percentage of children in year six classed as obese, 2009/10 - 2011/12

Source: National Child Measurement Programme

Immunisations

Childhood immunisation key performance indicators (2011/12)

Individuals who are vaccinated are less likely to be infected or infect others with communicable diseases such as measles, mumps or rubella. The National Immunisation Programme in the UK aims to vaccinate enough of the population against harmful diseases so that the risk of exposure to infection is lowered, even in unvaccinated individuals. This is known as population or herd immunity. If vaccine coverage drops, there is a risk that the disease will return, as is the current case with measles. Measles cases are increasing in the UK as a result of a drop in immunisation coverage of the vaccine MMR. This decrease in MMR immunisation followed the publication of a flawed research in 1998 linking the vaccine to autism and therefore raising doubts of the safety of the vaccine. While the research has been shown to the flawed and MMR coverage has now increased, herd immunity has been compromised and it will take time to build this up again.

Overall, Richmond upon Thames has improved childhood immunisation coverage since 2008, however better data collection is required to improve data quality. A preliminary analysis of unimmunised children in Richmond upon Thames suggests lower uptake MMR immunisation in areas of affluence. This presents a challenge to local public health campaigns that will need to adopt a social marketing approach to ensure messages are tailored to this audience.

Uptake of other immunisations is similar to that of London for 2011/12.

Immunisation	Richmond and Twickenham PCT (2011-12)	England 2011-12	London 2011-12
Immunisation rate for children aged 1 who have been immunised for Diphtheria,	90.6%	91.3%	94.7%
Tetanus, Polio, Pertussis, Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib) - (DTaP/IPV/Hib)			
Immunisation rate for children aged 2 who have been immunised for Haemophilus	85.3%	86.8%	92.3%
influenza type b (Hib), meningitis C (MenC) - (Hib/MenC)			
Immunisation rate for children aged 2 who have been immunised for measles,	86.5%	86.1%	91.2%
mumps and rubella (MMR)			
Immunisation rate for children aged 2 who have been immunised for	83.6%	85.3%	91.5%
Pneumococcal infection (PCV)			
Immunisation rate for children aged 5 who have been immunised for measles,	79.4%	80.2%	86.0%
mumps and rubella (MMR)			

Immunisation rates, 2011/12

Source: NHS Immunisation Statistics, England 2011/12

Pregnancy and sexual health

Teenage conceptions

The reasons for tackling teenage pregnancy are well documented and include health and wider inequality issues. Babies born to teenage mothers have a 60% higher infant mortality rate and a 63% increased risk of being born into poverty compared to babies born to older mothers. Children born to teenage mothers do less well at school and disengage early from learning, sometimes well before they have finished compulsory education. Daughters of teenage mothers are twice as likely as daughters born to older mothers, to become teenage mothers themselves.

The numbers of teenage conceptions in Richmond upon Thames has remained at a low level since 1998. The borough had an average of 52 teenage conceptions between 2009 and 2011.

No. of teenage conceptions	2009	2010	2011
Richmond upon Thames	56	48	53

Number of teenage conceptions, 2009 - 2011

Source. ONS Conception statistics, England and Wales 2011

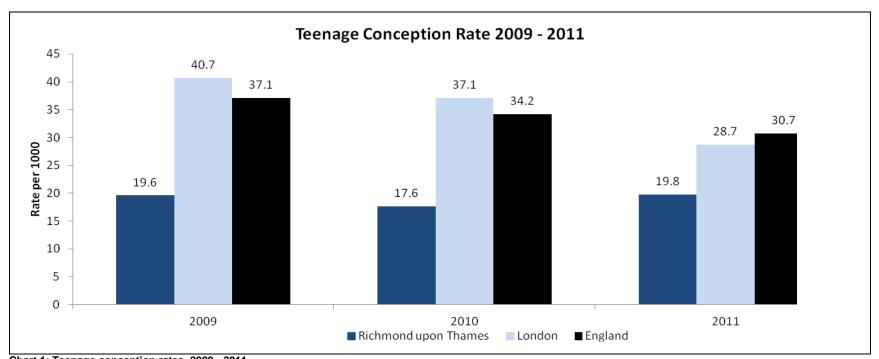


Chart 1: Teenage conception rates, 2009 - 2011 Source: ONS Conception statistics, England and Wales 2011

Figures from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) show that despite annual fluctuations in the number of teenage conceptions, the teenage pregnancy rate in Richmond upon Thames remains exceptionally low in comparison to other local authorities. The average conception rate for 2009-2011 three year pooled is 18.7 conceptions per 1,000 women aged 15 to 17.

Young and teenage parents

Current children's centre data shows that there are 20 teenage parents currently registered with the centres and a further 220 young parents registered. The highest proportion of teenage parents are registered with Hampton Children's Centre (40% 8/20) with Ham, Heathfield and North Barnes all having lesser proportions. Heathfield Children's Centre currently has the highest proportion of young parents registered with 79 parents aged under 25 years active at the centre (33%). Stanley Children's Centre has the lowest number and proportion with 22 young parents (9%) active at the centre.

Centre	Parents aged under 20 Years	Parents aged 20-24 years	Total young parents registered
Ham Children's Centre	3	61	64
Hampton Children's Centre	8	41	49
Heathfield Children's Centre	5	74	79
North Barnes Children's Centre	4	22	26
Stanley Children's Centre	0	22	22
Total	20	220	240

Source. CCM. Parents registered with children's centre (All young parents currently registered by age, 05072013)

Sexual health - Chlamydia screening 2010/11

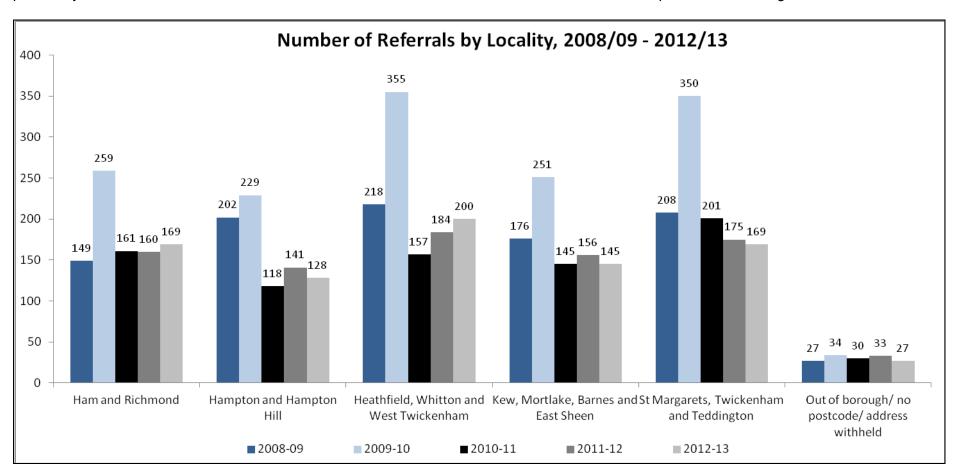
The National Chlamydia Screening Programme (NCSP) was established in England in 2003. The primary aim of the NCSP was to control Chlamydia through the early detection and treatment of the disease. The infection is particularly prevalent in the 15 to 24 years population and can lead to serious long term health consequences, particularly for women. With many of the symptoms of Chlamydia remaining asymptomatic many cases go undetected.

The PCT was set challenging national targets of screening 17% of the 15 to 24 years population in 2008/09, 25% in 2009/10 and 35% in 2010/11. The results were measured as one of the vital signs indicators (VSI) during the reporting period. In 2008/09 Richmond carried out tests on the equivalent of 17.9% of the population which was just over the national target. Of those tested, 3.9% tested positive for Chlamydia. In 2009/10, Richmond again met the target of 25% by screening the equivalent of 28.3% of the 15 to 24 population. During this period 2.7% of those tested resulted in a positive diagnosis. For 2010/11, 23.2% were tested which was lower than the previous year and did not meet the target. Of those tested, 2.8% resulted positive for Chlamydia.

Children's social care

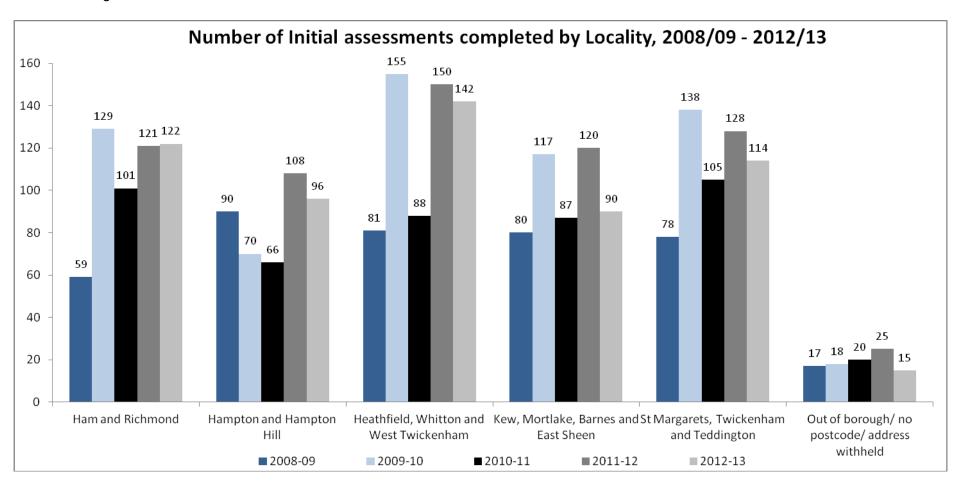
Referrals to children's specialist services (2008/09 - 2012/13)

During 20102/13, there were 200 referrals within Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (23.86%). This is a increase compared to the previous year, when 184 referrals were received. There were a total of 838 referrals for Richmond upon Thames during 2012/13.



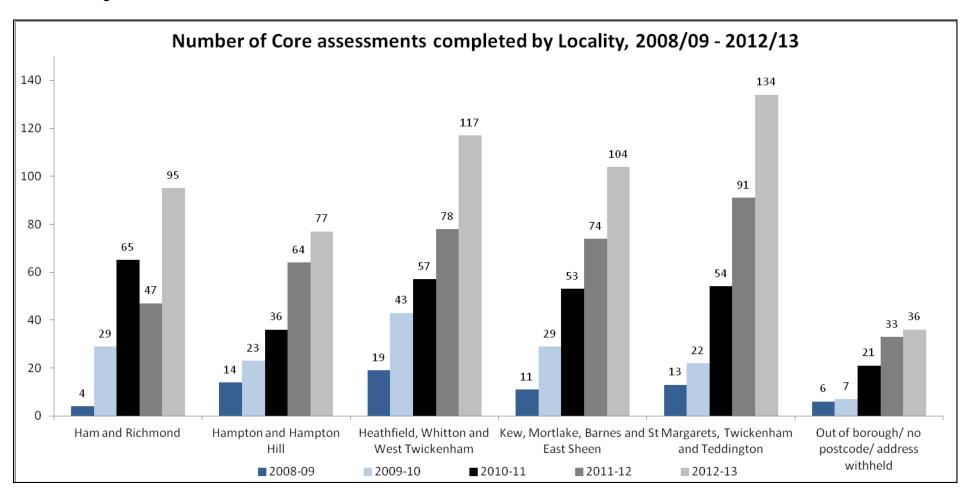
Initial assessments carried out by children's specialist services (2008/09 - 2012/13)

During 2012/13, 142 initial assessments (IA) were completed for children living in Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (24.25%). This is a decrease compared to the previous year, when 150 IAs were completed. There were a total of 579 IAs completed for Richmond upon Thames during 2012/13.



Core assessments carried out by children's specialist services (2008/09 - 2012/13)

During 2012/13, 117 core assessments (CA) were completed for children living in Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (20.78%). This is an increase compared to the previous year, when 78 CAs were completed. There were a total of 563 CAs completed in Richmond upon Thames during 2012/13.

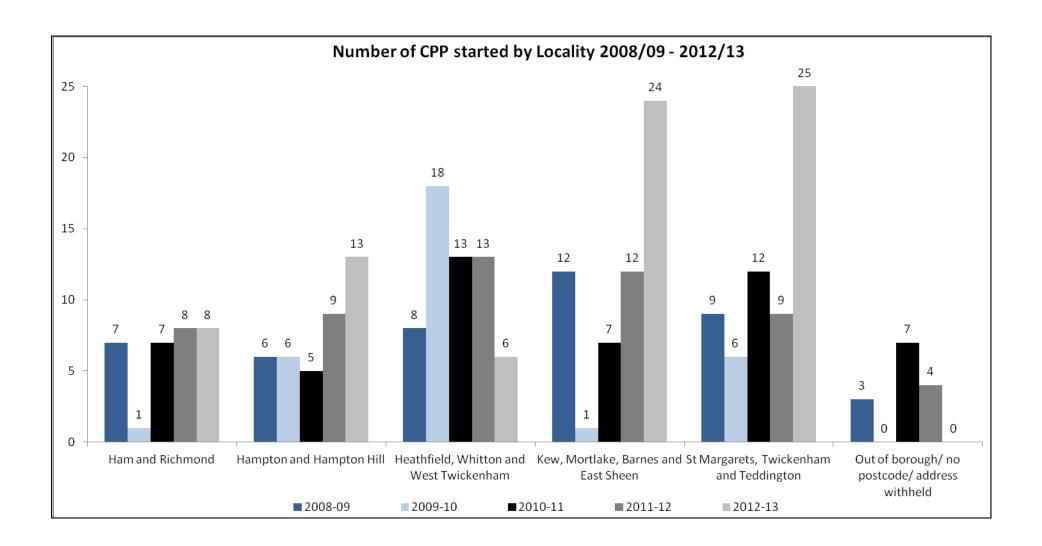


Child protection plans started (2008/09 - 2012/13)

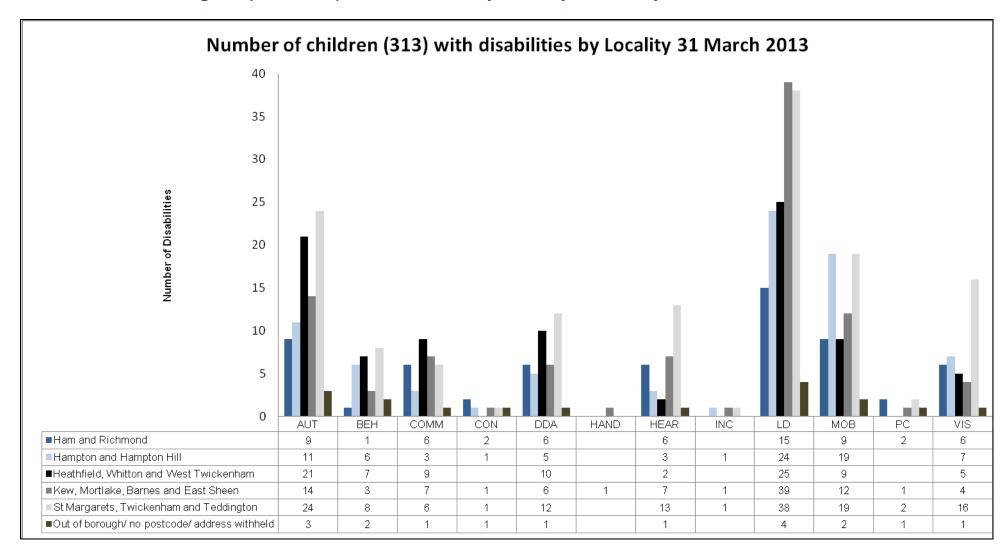
During 2012/13, six (7.9%) children living in Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham became subject of a child protection plan (CPP). This is a decrease compared to the previous year, when 13 children became subject to a CPP. There were a total of 76 CPPs started for Richmond upon Thames during 2012/13.

Locality area	2008/ 09	%	2009/ 10	%	2010/ 11	%	2011/ 12	%	2012/ 13	%
Ham and Richmond	7	15.6%	1	3.1%	7	13.7%	8	14.5%	8	10.5%
Hampton and Hampton Hill	6	13.3%	6	18.8%	5	9.8%	9	16.4%	13	17.1%
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	8	17.8%	18	56.3%	13	25.5%	13	23.6%	6	7.9%
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	12	26.7%	1	3.1%	7	13.7%	12	21.8%	24	31.6%
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	9	20%	6	18.8%	12	23.5%	9	16.4%	25	32.9%
Out of borough, no postcode, address withheld	3	6.7%	0	0 %	7	13.7%	4	7.3%	0	0.0%
Total	45	100%	32	100%	51	100 %	55	100%	76	100%

CPPs started by Locality March 2013



Children on the CWD register (disabilities) – 31 March 2013, by disability and locality

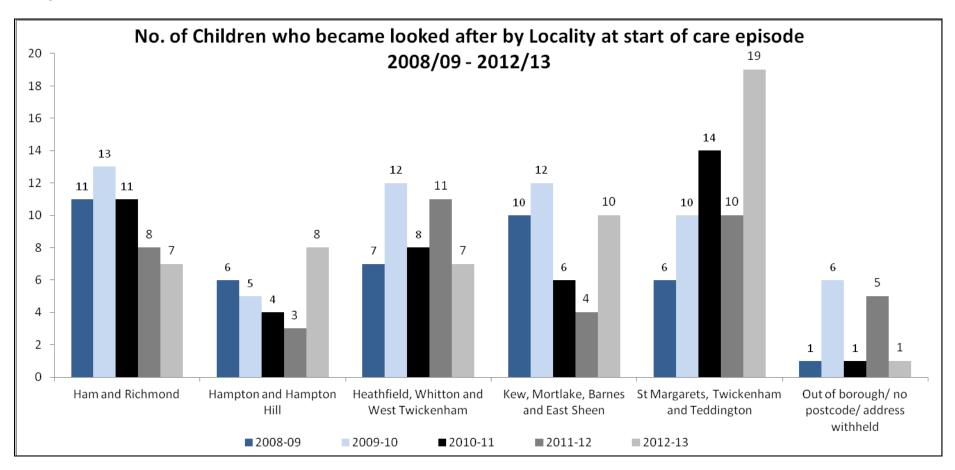


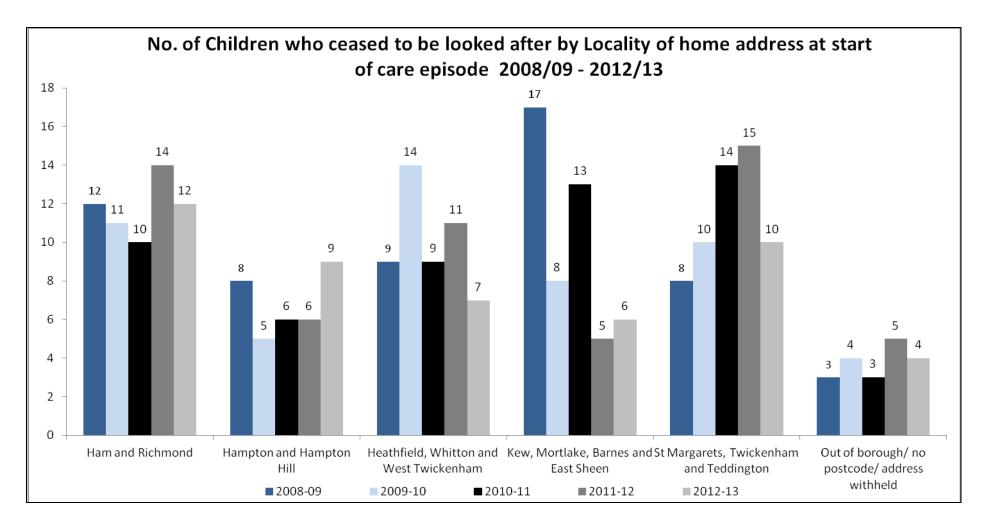
Locality	Autism	Behaviour	Communication	Consciousness	Other - DDA	Hand Function	Hearing	Incontinence	Learning	Mobility	Personal care	Vision	Total disabilities	No. of children
Ham and Richmond	9	1	6	2	6		6		15	9	2	6	62	36
Hampton and Hampton Hill	11	6	3	1	5		3	1	24	19		7	80	52
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	21	7	9		10		2		25	9		5	88	60
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	14	3	7	1	6	1	7	1	39	12	1	4	96	63
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	24	8	6	1	12		13	1	38	19	2	16	140	93
Out of borough, no postcode, address withheld	3	2	1	1	1		1		4	2	1	1	17	9
Total disabilities recorded	82	27	32	6	40	1	32	3	145	70	6	39	483	313

As of 31 March 2013, there were a total of 313 children and young people on Richmond Borough's disability register. St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington has the highest proportion of children on the register, but the area has the highest population for the borough, therefore no analysis has been produced and the above table is purely for information.

Looked-after children 2008/09 - 2012/13

During 2012/13, a total of seven children became looked after within Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (13%). This is a decrease compared to the previous year, when 11 children became looked after. A total of 52 children in Richmond upon Thames became looked after during 2012/13.





During 2012/13, a total of seven children ceased to be looked after within Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (15%). This is a decrease compared to the previous year, when 11 children ceased to be looked after. A total of 48 children in Richmond upon Thames ceased to be looked-after during 2012/13.

Domestic abuse

Domestic abuse (2012/13)

The highest percentage of referrals to the multi-agency risk assessment conference (MARAC) originate from the St Margaret, Twickenham and Teddington locality with 25.1% followed by Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham with 20.8%, and Hampton and Hampton Hill with 19.9%. The lowest percentage of referrals came from Ham and Richmond with 14.7% of referrals and Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen with 17.3%.

Locality	Number of cases	% of cases
Ham and Richmond	34	14.7%
Hampton and Hampton Hill	46	19.9%
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	48	20.8%
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	40	17.3%
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	58	25.1%
Not known, out of borough	5	2.2%
Total	231	100.0%

Numbers and percentage of MARAC referrals by locality

Ham and Richmond has the highest proportion of MARAC cases involving children; 85.3% of the cases have children involved. Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham are the next highest with 72.9%. St Margaret's, Twickenham and Teddington (53.4%), Ham and Richmond (50%) and Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen (35%) have lesser proportions of cases involving children.

Locality	Number of cases	Cases with Children	% of cases with children involved
Ham and Richmond	34	29	85.3%
Hampton and Hampton Hill	46	23	50.0%
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	48	35	72.9%
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	40	14	35.0%
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	58	31	53.4%
Unknown	5	0	0.0%
Grand total	231	132	57.1%

Number of cases involving children

When assessing the proportion of children involved in MARAC referrals, Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham account for the highest number of children involved in cases referred to the MARAC with 28.1%. This is followed by St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington with (25.4%). Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen have the lowest cases involving children with (10.5%). Ham and Richmond has 14.5% and Hampton and Hampton Hill has 14.5%.

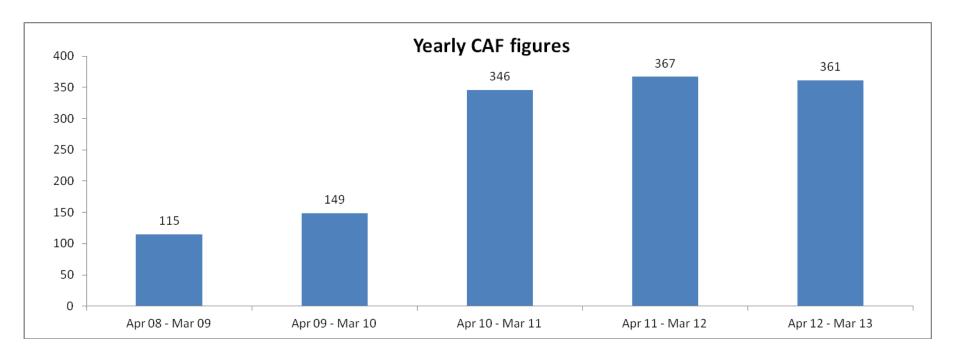
Locality	Total Children Involved	% of children involved
Ham and Richmond	49	21.5%
Hampton and Hampton Hill	33	14.5%
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	64	28.1%
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	24	10.5%
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	58	25.4%
Unknown	0	0.0%
Grand total	228	100.0%

Number of cases involving children

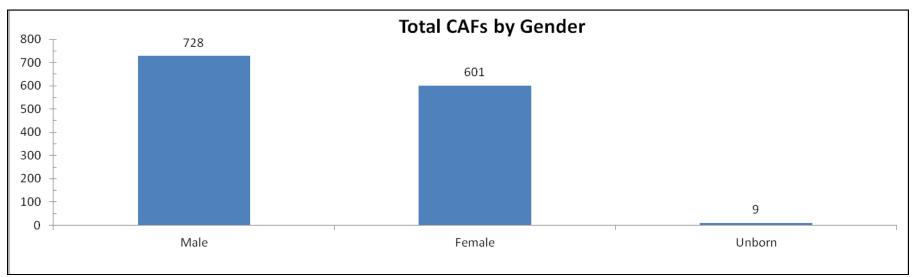
Common Assessment Framework

Common Assessment Framework (CAF) April 2008-March 2013

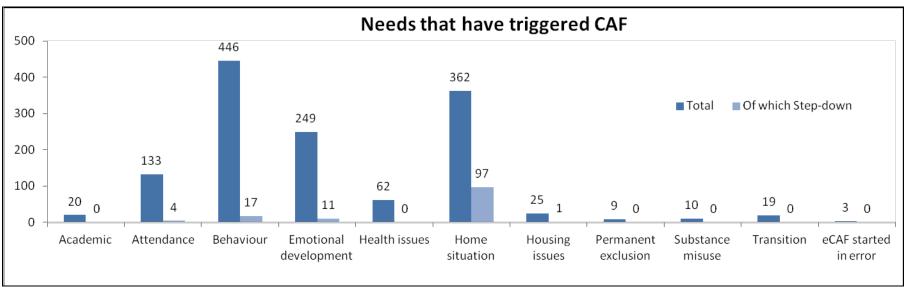
Locality-based common assessments data



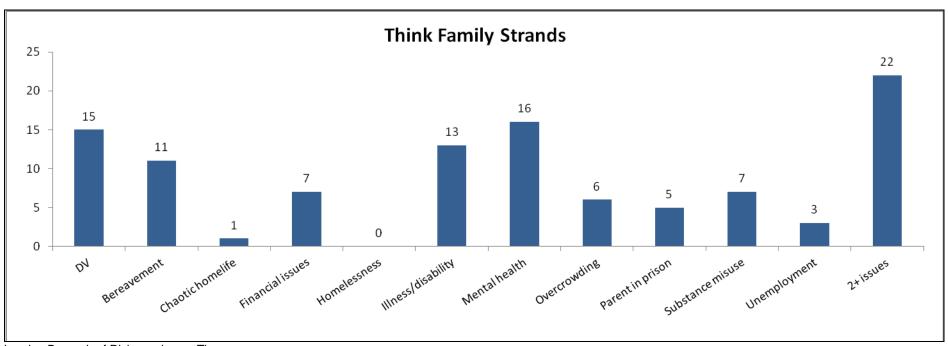
London Borough of Richmond upon Thames



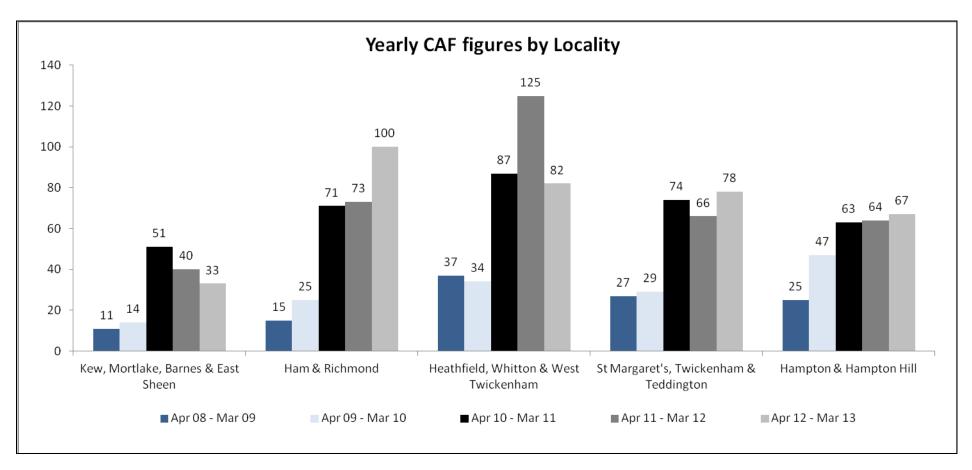
London Borough of Richmond upon Thames



London Borough of Richmond upon Thames

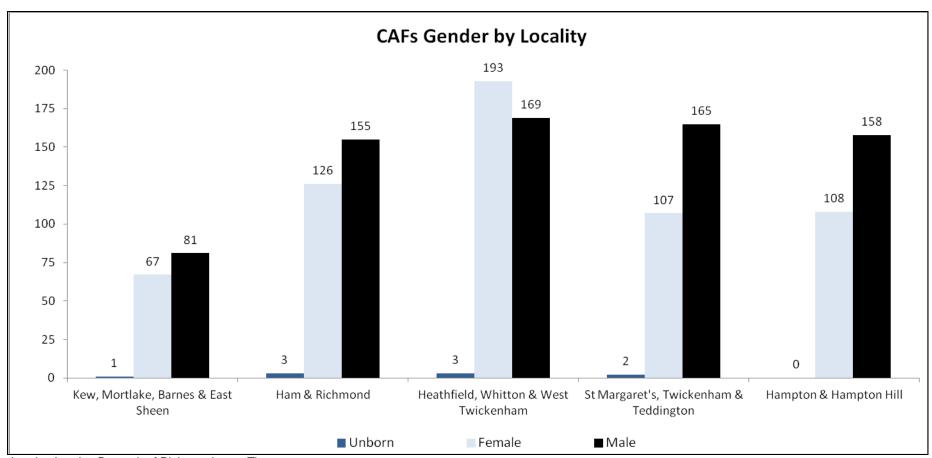


London Borough of Richmond upon Thames



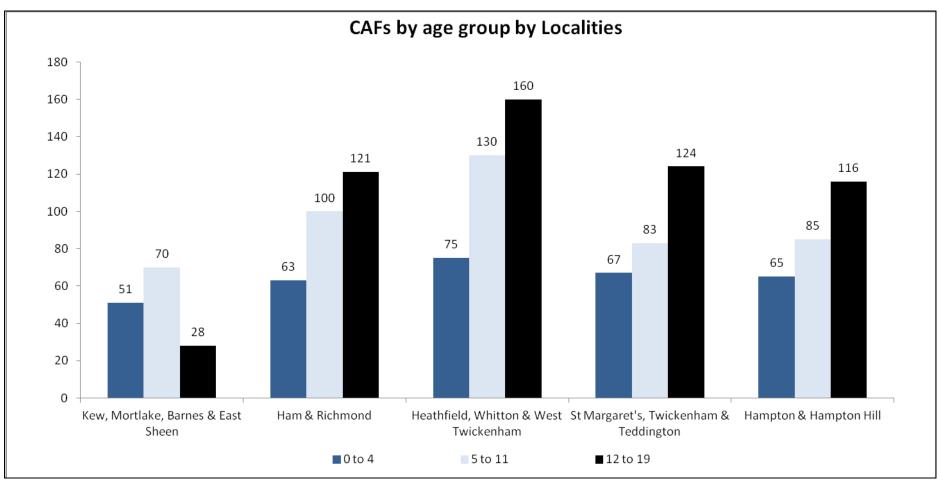
London Borough of Richmond upon Thames

April 2012 to March 2013 saw the highest number of CAFs in Ham and Richmond, St Margaret's; Twickenham and Teddington, and Hampton and Hampton Hill localities. Kew, Mortlake, Barnes & East Sheen locality and Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham locality have reduced in numbers.



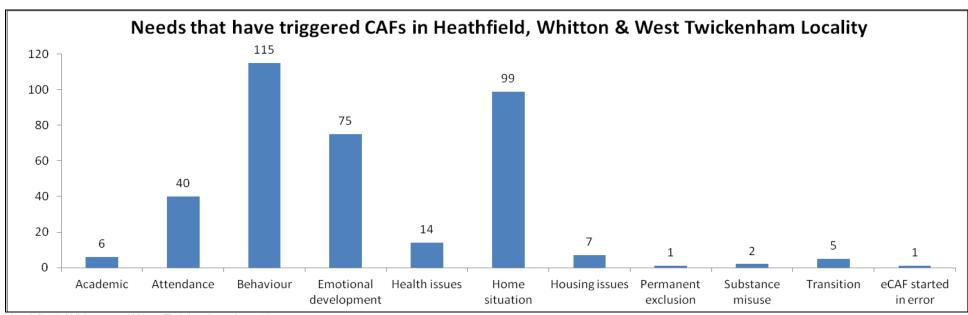
London London Borough of Richmond upon Thames

Overall more males than females have been through the CAF process – except in Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham.

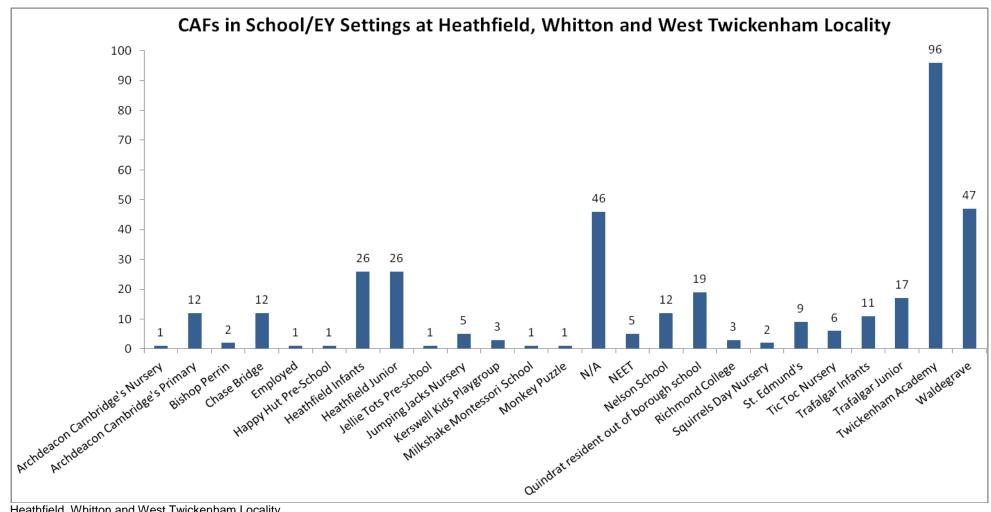


London Borough of Richmond upon Thames

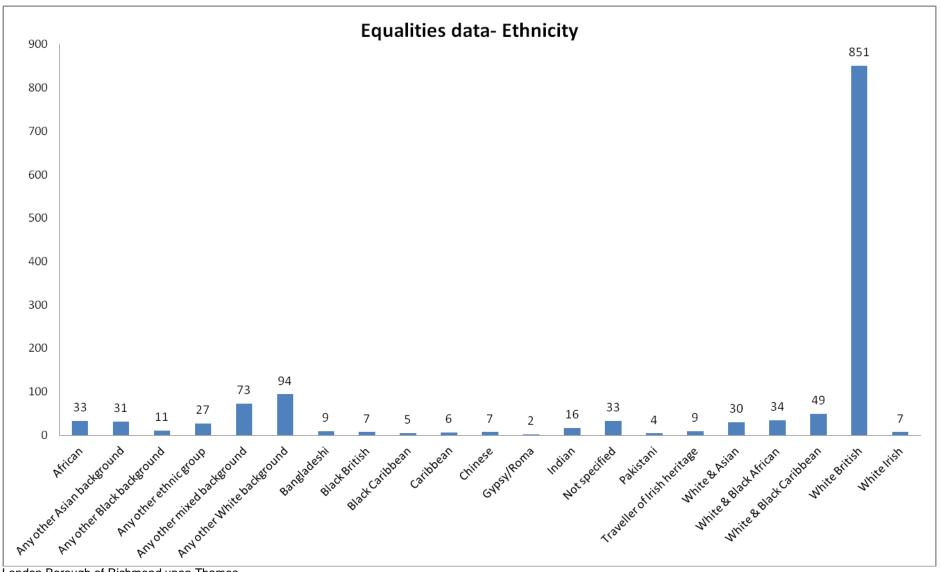
The 12 to 19 years age group has consistently higher levels of CAFs, however in the Kew, Mortlake, Barnes & East Sheen locality it is the lowest.



Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham Localtiy



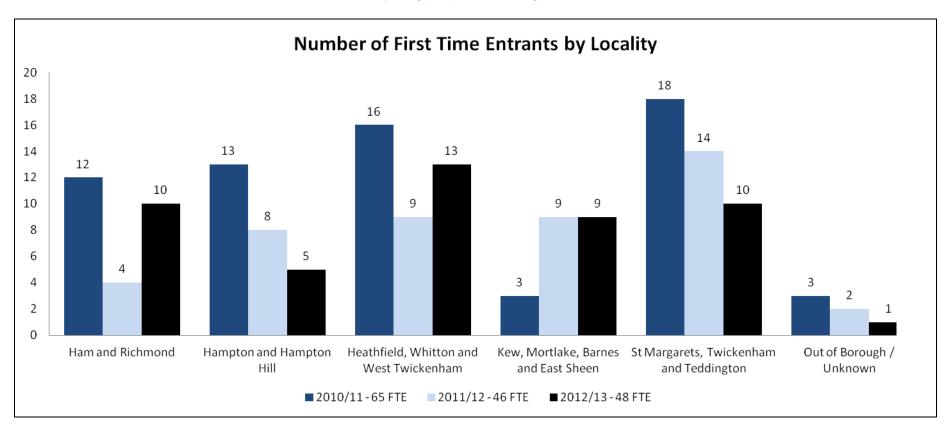
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham Locality



London Borough of Richmond upon Thames

Youth offending

Analysis of the numbers of young people (10 to 17 years) becoming first time entrants (FTE) to the youth justice system from April 2009 to 31 March 2013, shows a significant reduction across all five localities over the course of the three years. From a high of 65 FTE in 2010/11 to 48 FTE in the 2012/13, a reduction of 26% in the number of young people becoming FTE.



Pooling the data over the three year period, shows that St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington (26.4%) and Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (23.9%) have the largest volume of FTEs, with both areas combined accounting for approximately 50% of total FTEs. The three remaining localities account for a much lesser proportion with Ham and Richmond (16.4%), Hampton and Hampton Hill (16.4%) and Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen (13.2%) all accounting for less than 20% of the FTE cohort.

All localities excepting Kew, Mortlake Barnes and East Sheen show a reduction in FTEs from 2010/11 to 2012/13. The number of FTE in the Kew area have however increased from three in 2010.

Youth Service

Youth service participants

The annual target for young people known as participants who are actively involved in ongoing provision is set as 15% of the youth population (12,809).

For 2012/13, there was a target of 225 young people to become actively involved in youth services in Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham.

The year-end outturn figure was 88 young people (39% of target). This is due to the nature of the detached youth work provided on the street or in community buildings. It is anticipated that we will have a substantial increase from September 2013 once the purpose built youth facility opens.

Nineteen young people who were involved in the service showed a improvement in their personal growth or received an accreditation through the intervention provided

A further 1,623 participants engaged with youth provision that were not attached to a specific youth club or locality, such as The Duke of Edinburgh's award, Youth Enquiry Service and Youth Engagement Team. This total could be split between the localities (equating to 324 young people per locality).

Post-16

NEET (from South London Client Caseload Information report January 2013)

A locality level breakdown of the (unadjusted) NEET figures from January 2013 shows that there were 92 individuals aged 16 to 18 who were classified as NEET (not in education, employment or training. The largest proportion were resident in the Ham and Richmond area (25) accounting for 27.2% of the total NEET cohort. Hampton and Hampton Hill (23) and Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham (20) also had higher proportions of 16 to 18 year olds NEET. Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen (14) and St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington (10) had lower proportions.

NEET 16-18 (Numbers) vulnerable groups									
Locality	NEET 16-18	% of NEET Population	Intensive Support	רסס	Teenage Mothers	Care Leavers	Children Looked After	Substance Misuse	Young Offenders (Supervised by YOT)
Ham and Richmond	25	27.2%	2	5	0	0	0	0	1
Hampton and Hampton Hill	23	25.0%	0	4	2	0	0	0	0
Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham	20	21.7%	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Kew, Mortlake, Barnes and East Sheen	14	15.2%	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
St Margarets, Twickenham and Teddington	10	10.9%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	92	100%	5	10	2	0	0	0	5

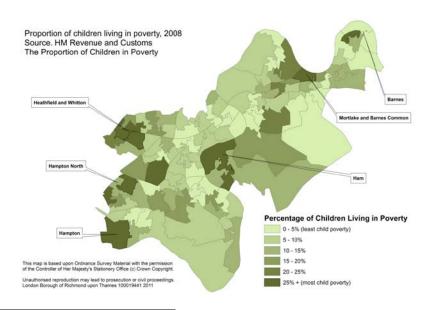
A small proportion of the 16 to 18 year old NEET group falls into the vulnerable group category. Vulnerable groups include those children and young people LDD, teenage parents, supervised by YOTs, care leavers, substance misuse, young carers, refuge, asylum seekers, teenage fathers and looked-after children.

Child poverty

London Borough of Richmond upon Thames Child Poverty Needs Assessment 2011/12

According to the HMRC, 20.9% of all children in England are living in poverty¹. Despite the average of 20.9%, there are significant regional differences ranging from an average of 14.5% of children living in the South East of England to an estimated 30.8% (534,095) of children in London, classed as living in poverty.

At a local authority level, Richmond upon Thames has one of the lowest instances of child poverty with an estimated 11.5% of resident children living in families with an income below 60% of the median.



¹ People are said to be living in poverty if their income and resources are so inadequate as to preclude them from having a standard of living considered acceptable in the society in which they live. Because of their poverty they may experience multiple disadvantages through unemployment, low income, poor housing, inadequate health care, barriers to lifelong learning, culture, sport and recreation. They are often excluded and marginalised from participating in activities (economic, social and cultural) that are the norm for other people and their access to fundamental rights may be restricted. European Union's working definition of poverty

Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham

In Heathfield, Whitton and West Twickenham, there are two specific lower super output areas (LSOA) that demonstrate the key characteristics of child poverty. Within these LSOAs:

- There is an average of 470 children
- On average child poverty is above 39%
- There is a high concentration of non-white ethnic groups
- There is a high number of lone parents receiving working and non-working tax credits
- There is a high number of families in receipt of child tax credits
- There is a high number of Job Seekers Allowance claimants
- There is a high concentration of social housing
- On average, 28% of pupils are eligible for free school meals
- There is an increasing number of enquiries to the Citizens Advice Bureau about topics such as benefits, debt and housing since 2008/09.

The above information details the characteristics of child poverty in the lower super output areas and is not inter-linked, so should be treated as separate pieces of information that refer to the area.